

HAVE YOU SEEN THE LATEST
B.S.A. Model W
 Price Rs. 126/- complete.
 Wellington Cycle & Motor Co.,
 Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Chronicle

HAVE YOU SEEN THE LATEST
B.S.A. Model W
 Price Rs. 126/- complete.
 Wellington Cycle & Motor Co.,
 Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZSHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL XV NO. 108—

BOMBAY FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 2 1927

ONE ANNA

SHIPPING

P. & O. British India
 (Incorporated in England).
MAIL & PASSENGERS SERVICE.
 P. and O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH
 AND LONDON CALLING AT
 MARSEILLES.
 All passengers are required to be in pos-
 session of passports.

Date.	Steamers.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1927			
3 Sept.	DELTA	RAWALPINDI	16,619
10 "	MANTUA	MALJOJA	20,836
17 "	RAZMAK	RAJPUTANA	16,575
24 "	RAZMAK	RAJPUTANA	16,602
1 Oct.	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
8 "	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
15 "	NALDERA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
22 "	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
29 "	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
5 Nov.	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
12 "	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
19 "	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
26 "	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
3 Dec.	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
10 "	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
17 "	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
24 "	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
31 "	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
7 Jan.	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
14 "	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
21 "	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
28 "	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
4 Feb.	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
11 "	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
18 "	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
25 "	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
3 Mar.	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
10 "	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
17 "	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
24 "	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
31 "	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
7 Apr.	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
14 "	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
21 "	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
28 "	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
5 May.	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
12 "	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
19 "	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585
26 "	RAJPUTANA	RAJPUTANA	16,585

*Through Steamers from Australia have
 limited accommodation for passengers from
 India.
 *Through steamers from China have limited
 accommodation for passengers from
 India.
 † 1st Saloon only.
 ‡ Extra sailing at the following reduced
 rates:

	A	B	C
1st Saloon to London	80	70	60
2nd Saloon to London	72	62	56
1st Saloon to London	54	42	36
2nd Saloon to London	50	40	36

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
 Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about.	Steamers.	Tons.
1927		
3rd Nov.	MANORA	7,888
17th "	DUMANA	8,427
15th Dec.	MANELA	8,303
1928		
12th Janv.	DOMALA	8,441
23rd Feby.	MANORA	7,888
8th March	DUMANA	8,427
5th April	MANELA	8,303
3rd May	DOMALA	8,441

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO,
 STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN and AUS-
 TRALIA.

Date about.	Steamers.	Tons.
1927		
6th Sept.	NYANZA	China and Japan
27th "	DELTA	China and Japan
12th Oct.	MOOLTAN	Australia.
10th Nov.	MALJOJA	Australia.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
 TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN
 GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO,
 MADRAS, CALCUTTA & RANGOON.

*Weather permitting.
 †Extra sailing to Bombay on
 Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Satur-
 days every week. Local passengers for
 Karachi can only proceed by the Friday
 sailings when accommodation is not required
 for passengers ex the P. & O. Mail
 Steamer or through Passengers to Bushehr
 Terms and Rates of Freight and Pas-
 sage may be arranged with
 MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
 Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING

N. Y. K. LINE
 SINGAPORE, CHINA & JAPAN

Steamers.	Tons.	Arrival	Departure
Rangoon Maru	5059	21 Aug.	4 Sept.
Seiyo Maru	6550	4 Sept.	17 "
Muroran Maru	5374	18 "	1 Oct.
Sada Maru	6898	10 "	12 "

* Passenger Steamers.
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
 Canada Building, Hornby Road, Bombay
 Phone No. 20279, 23738. Telg: "Yusen."

OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA
O.S.K. LINE
 REGULAR SERVICE TO
 JAPAN via SINGAPORE
 HONGKONG & SHANGHAI

Steamer.	Arrival.	Departure
* Hanchoku Maru	26th Aug.	30th Aug.
Celebes Maru	13th Sept.	22nd Sept.
Borneo Maru	24th "	8th Oct.
Indus Maru	12th Oct.	20th "
Shunke Maru	25th "	8th Nov.

* Proceeds to Rangoon.
 For Particulars apply to :—
 Ch. MURASE, Manager
 Phone No. 22180, Telegrams : "SHOSEN."
 Box No. 355.
 Taj Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

**A NEW ADDITION
 TO THE WONDERS OF
 THE MEDICAL WORLD**

**'THE
 Shakti Sanjivani'
 Pills**

Prepared after 48 years' long experi-
 ence and containing the most effica-
 cious and highly valued ingredients.
 They help the power of retention
 and make the body iron-strong.
Price Rs. 12-0 Net.
 For a tin with 60 Gold coated Pills
 full one month's course.

Atank Nigrah Pharmacy,
 JAMNAGAR (Kathiawar).

Income-Tax & Super-Tax
 Statutory Statement of Account prepared.
 Audit of Books of Firms UNDERTAKEN
B. L. THOSAR PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT
 436-497, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.
 Tel. No. 22997.

Bombay Widows' Pension Fund, Ltd.
 ESTABLISHED 1876.
 No. 23-25, Humam Street Fort, above
 Messrs. Warden & Co.

**When You Spend so much for
 Your Clothes**
 why not be certain
 that they are made
 by artists
ARAUJO FERNANDES & CO.
 MERCHANT TAILORS
 PRINCESS STREET BOMBAY

The Bombay Chronicle

BUSINESS NOTICE.

BUSINESS communications of
 every kind (advertisements,
 changes of address, etc.) should
 be addressed to the MANAGER,
 Advertisements intended for inser-
 tion in the next day's paper must
 reach the office not later than
 5 p.m.

ALL REMITTANCES should
 be made payable to the "Bombay
 Chronicle" and cheques crossed.
MOFUSILL SUBSCRIBERS
 whose copies of the "Bombay
 Chronicle" are delayed in deli-
 very will facilitate enquiry into
 the cause of the irregularity by
 noting the date of the paper on
 the wrapper and sending it to
 the Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

	Local	Mofussil.
1 Year	Rs. 20	Rs. 25
6 Months	Rs. 10	Rs. 12-8
3 Months	Rs. 5	Rs. 6-4
1 Month	Rs. 1-14	Rs. 2-4

Subscription to Foreign Countries
 Rs. 50 per year.

SINGLE COPY ONE ANNA.

SUNDAY EDITION

Local. Mofussil. Foreign
 Yearly .. Rs. 3/8 Rs. 4 Rs. 7.

PAYMENTS STRICTLY IN ADVANCE

The Sunday Edition must be sub-
 scribed for not less than one year.

SINGLE COPY ONE ANNA

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Subscribers who do not receive their
 copy of "The Chronicle" in time are
 requested kindly to furnish the follow-
 ing information to the Manager, Sub-
 scription Department:—

Name of Subscriber

Address

Register No.

Date of paper

Time of delivery

AMRUTANJAN

FOR
Speedy Recovery
 FROM
 Headache, Bruises, Cough,
 Cold, Rheumatism, and any
 and every other kind of Pain

Amrutanjan Depot
 BOMBAY : : : : MADRAS.

SAVE EYES

of all troubles, even Cataract, Glaucoma,
 Granular lids etc., cured Without Knife
 by our nature's remedy Coganut Brand,
 "LOTUS HONEY"—genuine and purest
 in market. Cure guaranteed. Dram Rs.
 2-8, 2 drams Rs. 4 Postage extra. Ask
 particulars.
NEW FORMULA CO., Kandi Bengal.
 Tel. 114, Kandi.
 Agents:—KEMI & CO., Bombay.
 J. TIRAH & CO., Karachi.

Western India Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

HEAD OFFICE :—Satara City.
PROGRESS OF THE COMPANY.

Valuation	Year.	Surplus disclosed.
First	1917	Rs. 11,532
Second	1920	Rs. 27,737
Third	1923	Rs. 1,16,544

No other Company started within 25 years
 could show equal results at the same age.
 Excellent opportunity for reliable energetic
 men of position and ability to represent the
 Company.
 For agency and other particulars please
 apply to :—
THE MANAGING DIRECTOR,
 Satara City.

ANNAS 4 A DAY

WHICH YOU EASILY and UN-
 KNOWINGLY SPEND
 IF DEPOSITED UNDER THE ATTRACTIVE
 SCHEME
 OF THE

National Indian Life

INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.
 (INCORPORATED IN INDIA 1907.)
 WILL MAKE YOU FREE FROM
 ANXIETIES AND WORRIES OF BOTH
 OLD AGE and FAMILY
 PROVISIONS

AFTER RS. 1,500 IN CASH
 YOU GET FULLY PAIDUP
 AND A RS. 1,500 PAYABLE
 POLICY OF RS. 3,000 AFTER DEATH.

WHETHER YOU DIE EARLY OR LIVE
 LONG YOU ARE NO LOSER.
 Give us an opportunity to tell you
 how it is.

For all Particulars and forms apply to :—
BRANCH SECRETARY
 Bombay Branch,
 40-42, Churchgate St., Fort, Bombay.
MARTIN & Co., Managing Agents.
 Head Office: 8-7, CLIVE ST., CALCUTTA
AGENTS WANTED
 ON VERY LIBERAL TERMS.

AMRUTANJAN

FOR
Speedy Recovery
 FROM

Headache, Bruises, Cough,
 Cold, Rheumatism, and any
 and every other kind of Pain

Amrutanjan Depot
 BOMBAY : : : : MADRAS.

SAVE EYES

of all troubles, even Cataract, Glaucoma,
 Granular lids etc., cured Without Knife
 by our nature's remedy Coganut Brand,
 "LOTUS HONEY"—genuine and purest
 in market. Cure guaranteed. Dram Rs.
 2-8, 2 drams Rs. 4 Postage extra. Ask
 particulars.
NEW FORMULA CO., Kandi Bengal.
 Tel. 114, Kandi.
 Agents:—KEMI & CO., Bombay.
 J. TIRAH & CO., Karachi.

BANKING

SHILOTRI BANK, LTD.

Shilotri Bank Buildings, Tamarind Lane PORT, BOMBAY
 Branches :—GIRGAUM, JAVERY BAZAR & POONA CITY.
 Assets exceed Rs. 50,00,000/-

SAVINGS BANK 5 per cent p. a.
ON MONTHLY MINIMUM BALANCE
 INVESTMENTS mainly in or against Gold & Government of India Securities
 GOVERNMENT OF INDIA SECURITIES—Bought and Sold promptly
 ADVANCES GRANTED against Gold & Government of India Securities
 TEN TOLA GOLD CHIPS of superior touch and correct weight ready for sale
 Dr. PRABHAKAR B. SHILOTRI, M. A.; Pr. D.
 Managing Director

INSURANCE

ORIENTAL

GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
 ESTABLISHED 1874.

1926 Another Year of Record Progress

NEW ASSURANCES.	1924 Rs. 2,37,34,000	1925 Rs. 2,96,42,000	1926 Rs. 3,91,39,000
	Increase Rs. 59,08,000	Increase Rs. 94,97,000	

THE FUNDS increased by Rs. 42 LAKHS to Rs. 7,38,80,000
 THE PREMIUM INCOME now exceeds Rs. 1,05,30,000 per annum.

THE NEXT VALUATION takes place as at 31st DECEMBER 1927.
 WITH PROFIT POLICIES effected before that date will be entitled
 to share in the DISTRIBUTION OF PROFITS of the CURRENT
 TRIENNIAL.

Prospective Policyholders are urged to communicate without delay with :—
DOUGLAS FORREST, F.F.A., Ag. Manager, Oriental Buildings, Bombay
 or to any of the Company's Offices.

WHY - - WHEN and WHERE ? The Great Protection is to Insure Your Life.

WHY? - - - BECAUSE IT MEANS :—

- (1) Freedom from financial worries in old age.
 - (2) Freedom from anxiety about those you leave behind.
- WHEN TO INSURE ?**
 "Immediately of course" is the only answer
 Because delay means :—
- (1) Payment of higher premiums.
 - (2) Danger of your dying suddenly leaving your near and dear ones unprotected.
- WHERE TO INSURE ?**
 With a Company Offering :—
- (1) The lowest rates of premium.
 - (2) Directorate combining business ability and Public Confidence.
 - (3) Sympathetic treatment.
 - (4) Prompt settlement of claims.
 - (5) Protection against disablement from accident or disease.

THE HINDUSTANI BIMA COMPANY, LIMITED.

DELHI? Wherein all the above advantages and many more in addition
 are available, will readily help you.

For further particulars please write to :—

PANDIT BAL MUKAND ATRIYA, Messrs. PURSHOTTAMDAS URAIZEE
 Chief Agent for Bombay Presidency, & Co.
 Apollo Street, BOMBAY. Sakar Bazar, AHMEDABAD.

LALA GIRDHARILAL (of AMRITSAR),
 Managing Director,
 "Diwan Bhawan," DELHI.

WANTED :—RELIABLE AGENTS all over the Presidency on handsome
 remunerations.

INSURE it with "BIRLA"

Insurances for ESTATE, SHOP, GODOWN, MONEY,
 ORNAMENTS, CLOTHES, LAND, MOTOR, etc., etc.
 accepted at very CHEAP RATIO.
 Not only in Calcutta, but throughout India.

BIRLA BROTHERS LTD.,
 Agents for various big Insurance Companies,
 137, Canning Street, CALCUTTA. Phone No. 563

CLASSIFIED ADVT.

Readers, Private Short Advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following rates:-

HALF ANNA

PER WORD

Minimum Charge being Annas Twelve

CASH MUST ACCOMPANY ORDER.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words: Apply Box No.—Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle," to be paid for.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows:-Box Number—Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Uncollected replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED—For the Sanwaldas Sadanlal Khatrit Industrial School, Moradabad, a HEAD MASTER. Should be trained designer and drawing Master with good educational qualifications and managing capacities. A gentleman possessing experience of brasswork will be preferred. Pay Rs. 50/- to Rs. 100/- p.m. according to qualifications with good future prospects. Apply with testimonials to:- Mr. JAGDISH PRASAD MEHRA, Pleader, Trustee and Hon. Treasurer, Sahwaldas Sadanlal Khatrit Industrial School, MORADABAD (U.P.) 29171

WANTED—TRAVELLING AGENTS to canvass orders for Hand made cloth. Apply sharp:- C. H. KUMH RAMAN & SONS, Weaving Establishment Chowla Cannanore. R417

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE.

Corona Four Latest New Rs. 195
Corona Three fine Rs. 95
Remington 10 Latest Slightly used Rs. 150
Remington 10 Brief good Rs. 110
Remingtons 10 & 11 from Rs. 75
Gujarati Remington 9 Rs. 125
Century Portable Rs. 85
Rebuilt Remingtons Nos. 10 & 11 and Oliver 9, 12 and Brief at specially reduced prices. STANDARD TYPEWRITER CO. 321, Hornby Road, Opp. Fetti's Institute Fort, Bombay.

HOTELS.

CALCUTTA HOTEL LD
MIRZAPUR SQUARE, NORTH, CALCUTTA.
PREMIER AND LARGEST INDIAN HOTEL.
CHARGES:—Rs. 10, 6, 4, & 2-8 per diem. (Family suites with bath available.)
Telegrams: "CALHOTEL"

PHOTOGRAPHY.

PHOTOGRAPHS.

Photographs of general interest are invited from readers from all parts of India for publication in "The Chronicle." Preference will be given to topical photographs on subjects of political, general, engineering, scientific or other interest. Accepted photographs will be paid for on publication, at usual rates.

The Editor undertakes no responsibility for the return of unaccepted photographs, but every endeavour will be made to return rejected photographs, accompanied by stamped addressed envelopes. All photographs must be sent to the
EDITOR,
"Bombay Chronicle,"
Old Customs House Road, Bombay

FINANCIAL.

WANTED—A FINANCIAL PARTNER to invest about a LAC of rupees for extension of an established LUCRATIVE business in Bombay of the most PROSPECTIVE PROGRESSIVE and PROFITABLE LINE. Those intending write to:- Box No. 2022, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." R420

EDUCATIONAL.

LEARN TOUCH TYPEWRITING FREE—STANDARD TYPEWRITER COMPANY, 321, Hornby Road, Bombay. A R421

FRUITS FLOWERS SEEDS.

11 LB. FRESH THIN SKIN WALNUTS, choicest dessert apples, pears, hazelnuts Rs. 5-8 each, 11 lb. Fresh thin skin almonds, stoneless sweet apricots, currants, raisins, Sultan's figs apple rings Rs. 13 each Prices Postage included. DAR BROS. Srinagar, Kashmir. R29203

FRESH FRUITS—ENGLISH ROSY LARGEST PEACHES, 7 lbs. net Rs. 8, Seedless Grapes 6 lbs. net Rs. 7. Charges included. WESTERN FRUIT AGENCY, Quetta. R411

MEDICAL.

DEBILITY—If you wish to regain your health, take my GIANT PILLS, which will make you robust within a fortnight, otherwise money refunded. Rs. 5/- per phial nett. Dr. B. K. CHOWDHURY 26/2, Grey Street, Calcutta. 28576C.

CATARACTS—No matter, ripe or unripe. No risk of operation. Cure Guaranteed. Particulars on request. "SRI" WORKS, Beadon Square, Calcutta. R28194A

"GOOD CHANCE."

Renowned Silky Muslins for ladies and gentlemen. Sample piece 12 yds, fit for 6 shirts. Breadth 1-1/4 yds., Rs. 7-8. Ready shirts 6-Neck 15" Rs. 9. Money back in full if not approved. A. S. MURTY & CO., CHICACOLE CITY. R401B

FREE TREATMENT FOR LEPROSY. (Under Special Diet).

FREE SAMPLE PACKETS of the infallible remedy for Leucoderma or White Leprosy to prove its efficacy and to show that the disease is not incurable as supposed. It never fails. The sample packet will be enough to produce wonders in only one inch spot. Write for it at once per V. P. P. for annas 6 to meet the cost of its transmission. Details of infallible remedies for Constipation, Dyspepsia, etc., etc. PANDIT KRIPARAM (Specialist in Leprosy), 8, Nandibagan Lane, Sulkhia (Howrah). N.B.—"Leprosy and its Treatment," a guide to cure Leprosy. Price Rs. 2, postage 4s. 5 extra.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENT

CONTINENTAL PROVIDENT INSURANCE SOCIETY, LTD. (Madras)—Cheapest Life and MARRIAGE Assurances. Premiums monthly Rupees Two and One only. Sub-Agents and Canvassers required. Prospectus and terms from: Chief Agent, S. R. KRISHNA, 11, Dalmia Building, Matunga, Bombay—19, (Enclose stamp for reply.) R423

THE GWALIOR SUN BRAND PORTLAND CEMENT

Surpasses all the requirements of the British Standard Specification and is certified by Government Test House, Alipore to be of cement of a high order and recommended for all classes of work. All enquiries and orders will have our best attention

YUSUF BUILDING

Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay

Tel. No. 21986

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE BEST TONIC!

CHANGE OF AIR
CHANGE OF SCENE

CHEAP FARES

1st & 2nd Class Return Tickets
At Specially Reduced Rates
During the

PARSEE NEW YEAR

SEPTEMBER 7TH TO 13TH

For Journeys of 50 Miles or more
Between any Stations on the

B. B. & C. I. Ry.

Dahanu Road, Gholvad, Daman Road
NAVSARI SURAT BROACH

BARODA AHMEDABAD
KATHIAWAR
MOUNT ABU.

29188

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:-

Per Column
Line per Insertion.

1st Insertion Rs. 1-8-0
2nd Insertion Rs. 6-8-0
3rd Insertion Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertion Rs. 3-8-0

Notwithstanding that advertisements are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisement in these columns or in the classified short advertisement columns

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY

POONA RACING SEASON 1927.

REDUCED FARES.

for
SATURDAY MEETING—3RD SEPTEMBER, 1927.

FOR the Poona Race Meeting to be held on SATURDAY, the 3rd September, 1927, first and second class tickets by Race Specials will be issued at the following reduced fares:

	First Class	Second Class
With admission to Grand Stand and 1st Enclosure	16-8-0	10-8-0
With admission to 2nd Enclosure	15-4-0	9-4-0
With admission to Grand Stand	14-0-0	8-0-0

A. PEEL GOLDNEY,
Ag: Chief Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 30th August, 1927.

FOR SALE,

GIN STORES.

1 Engine by Forrester and Co., Liverpool, 75 H.P.
1 Fire Engine (Steam) by Merry Weather and Sons.
1 Boiler by Stewart and Co., Glasgow.
1 Boiler.
60 Gins of four bearings by Platt complete.
11 Gins of five bearings by Platt frames only.
5 Gins American.
1 Gin by the Brown Cotton Gin Co., New London.
10 Gins of four bearings by A. D. Wadia.
1 Saw Bench by Thomas Robinson and Co., England.

Apply to the GIN & PRESS MANAGER, MORVI STATE.

29202

AMUSEMENTS.

YOU'LL HAVE TO GET
IN EARLY IF YOU DON'T
WANT TO MISS—

Harold Lloyd

IN

"THE FRESHMAN"

Opening for the Third Week after a
nightly smashing record attendance

"THE FRESHMAN"

THE EVENT OF THE YEAR
PATHE SUPER GAZETTE

Time: 6-15, 8-15, and 10 P.M.

NOTE

POPULAR PRICES
PATHE CINEMA

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

Hurry! Hurry!

BANKING.

Bank of Baroda Ltd.

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gakwar.

(Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897.)
Capital Subscribed Rs. 60,00,000
Capital Called-up Rs. 30,00,000
Reserve Fund 22,50,000

HEAD OFFICE: MANDVI, BARODA.

BRANCHES: Ahmedabad, Bhavnagar, Navsari, Mehsana, Surat, Bombay, Dabhoi, Petlad, Patan, Sidpur, Amreli, Kaitoi, Dwarka, Kadi and Karjan.

DIRECTORS: Sir Lalubhai Samaldas, Kt., C.I.E. (Chairman).
Raj Ratna Sheth Maganbhai P. Hari-
bhakti (Nagar Sheth, Baroda).
Sheth Durgaprasad Shambhuprasad Las-
kari (Mill Agent, Ahmedabad).
Bhaskarrao V. Mehta, Esq., M.A. L.L.B.,
Maganlal H. Kantavala, Esq., M.A. (Agent), The Maharaja Mills Co., Ltd., Baroda.

R. B. Govindbhai Hathibhai Desai, Nath Dewan, Baroda.
Navroji B. Saklatwala, C.I.E., (Late Sons, Ltd., Bombay).

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of Rs. 2 1/2 per cent. per annum from 1st January to 30th June and at 2 per cent. from 1st July to 31st December and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.
The Bank grants accommodation on term to be arranged against approved securities.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon. It also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charges particulars of which may be learnt on application.

SAVINGS BANK.
Deposits received and interest allowed at 3 3/4 per cent. per annum.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Sums of Rs. 300 and over accepted at 4 per cent., by transfers from Savings Bank accounts subject to three months' notice of withdrawal Rules on application.

C. E. RANDLE,
General Manager.

Union Bank of India, Limited.

APOLLO STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital Rs. 39,90,000
Paid-up Capital Rs. 39,90,000
Reserve Fund Rs. 5,50,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS:—
INTEREST allowed at 3 per cent. per annum from January to June and at 2 1/2 per cent. per annum from July to December. Cheques with Gujarati signatures accepted without verification by an officer of the Bank.

FIXED AND SHORT DEPOSITS received on favourable terms. Rates to be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK:—
INTEREST allowed at 4 1/2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance. Withdrawals allowed twice a week.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS granted against approved securities.

Every description of Banking Business transacted.

MANAGING AGENTS,
The Central Bank of India, Ltd.

BANKING

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited.

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.
(ESTABLISHED 1880).

Subscribed Capital Yen 100,000,000
Paid-up Capital 100,000,000
Reserve Fund 92,500,000

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES: Alexandria, Karachi, Seattle, Batavia, Kobe, San Francisco, Bombay, London, Samarang, Buenos Aires, Los Angeles, Shanghai, Calcutta, Lyons, Singapore, Canton, Manila, Shimonoaki, Changchun, Nagasaki, Sourabaya, Dairen, Newchwang, Tientsin, Fengtien, New York, Tokyo, Hamburg, Nagoya, Tsinan, Hankow, Osaka, Vladivostok, Harbin, Peking, Hongkong, Rangoon, Honolulu, Rio de Janeiro, Kai Yuan, Saigon.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

WASHIO,
Manager.

Imperial Bank of India

Constituted under the Imperial Bank of India Act, 1920.

BANKERS TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL Rs. 11,25,00,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL Rs. 5,62,50,000
RESERVE FUND Rs. 6,07,50,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS Rs. 5,62,50,000

LOCAL HEAD OFFICES: Calcutta, Bombay, Madras.

LOCAL BRANCHES: Bhyulla Branch—Opposite Parsi Statue, Mandvi Branch—Abdul Rehman Street, Sandhurst Road Branch—Junction of Sandhurst and Charni Roads.

LONDON OFFICE:—22, Old Broad Street, London, E. C. 2.

BRANCHES THROUGHOUT INDIA AND BURMA.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS—Opened free of charge.

FIXED DEPOSITS—Received at interest.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed.

GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES—Received for Safe Custody, Purchase and Sales effected, Interest and Dividends collected and credited to account or remitted in accordance with instructions. The purchase and sale of Government Securities undertaken at all Branches for the public generally.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS—Granted and approved Mercantile Bills discounted.

Rates, Copies of Rules, Powers of Attorney, etc., may be had on application at any of the Local Head Offices or Branches of the Bank.

Bank of India, Ltd.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906

(Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1882).

HEAD OFFICE: ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

BRANCHES: Calcutta and Ahmedabad.

LONDON AGENTS: THE WESTMINSTER BANK LTD.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED Rs. 2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP Rs. 1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND Rs. 7,50,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

From 25th December to 25th June interest is allowed at 2 1/2 per cent. on daily balance Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000. From 25th June to 25th December interest is allowed at 2 per cent. on daily balance. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened which can be ascertained on application.

A. G. GRAY,
Manager

Telephone - - - No. 22560

THE WEATHER.

MONSOON EXTENDS.

SIMLA, Sept. 1.

Unsettled conditions at the head of the Bay are more marked to-day of the Orissa Coast and the weather is disturbed along the Gangetic plain. Monsoon is active in Burma, Assam and over the region extending from East Rajputana to Western Himalayas but weak elsewhere. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Kumaon Hills, Rajputana East Central Provinces West, Konkan and Local, in Upper Burma, United Provinces, Central India East, Central Provinces, Madras Coast North; a few falls occurred in Assam, Bengal, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, Bihar, Punjab East and North Kashmir, Northwest Frontier Province and Gujarat.

Chief amounts are: Victoria point, Tavoy, one inch, Rangoon three inches, Bassein Kyaukpau one and half, Lashio two, Silehar, five, Jalpaiguri two, Sandheads three quarters, Sambalpur one and half, Chabasa three quarters, Agra one and half, Meerut two, Roorkee Chakrata three quarters, Pendra one and half, Ambala one, Simla three quarters, Dharanpur one, Cherat quarter, Ajmer one and half, Belgium half.

Forecast: Increase in Orissa, Chota Nagpur and East United Provinces. —A. P.

BOMBAY LOCAL RAINFALL.

Bombay, Sept. 1.

Rainfall during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of date: Colaba Point 0.25; Fort 0.40; J. J. Hospital 0.40.

Total since 1st June to date: Colaba Point 56.36; Fort 70.97; J. J. Hospital 55.91.

Total for the corresponding period of 1926: Colaba Point 43.95; Fort 49.74; J. J. Hospital 47.14.

Total for the corresponding period of 1926 Colaba Point 60.38; Fort 88.67; J. J. Hospital 71.88.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

FOR THE 1ST SEPTEMBER, 1927.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 1st September 1927, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Ambala has had 1.17" of rain and Hissar 0.22". Skies are lightly clouded over the southwest of the province and moderately to heavily clouded elsewhere. The air is more humid than usual in the east Punjab. Temperature was below normal in the region of rainfall.

The United Provinces.—Cawnpore reports 0.27" of rain and Agra 1.40". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded and vapour in air is generally in excess. Temperature was almost normal except in the northwestern districts where the maximum alone was lower than usual.

Sind and Rajputana.—Jaipur has had 0.14" of rain, Ajmer 1.66", Kotah 0.21" and Mount Abu 0.80". Skies are clear or lightly clouded over upper Sind and in general heavily clouded elsewhere. The air is more humid than usual in Rajputana. Temperature was generally below normal in the aforesaid region.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Rajkot has had 0.15" of rain, Bhavnagar-Para 0.20" and Surat 0.10". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded and moisture in the air is almost as usual. Temperature did not differ much from the normal.

The Central Provinces.—Jubbulpore reports 0.16" of rain, Saugor 0.10", Hoshangabad 0.13" and Chanda 0.24". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. The air is drier than usual in the central parts of the area. Temperature was almost normal in the whole of the province.

The Konkan.—Bombay had 0.25" of rain, Ratnagiri 0.36", Margao 0.31" and Karwar 0.34". Skies are moderately clouded. Humidity is in defect in the south of the area. Temperature was nearly normal in the division. The highest temperature recorded yesterday at Bombay was 84 deg.0 (1 deg. below normal) and the lowest 77 deg.0 (normal).

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Poon reports 0.14" of rain and Belgaum 0.43". Skies are in general moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity is in excess at Poon and in defect at Belgaum. Maximum temperature was higher than usual at Sholapur and lower at Belgaum; elsewhere temperature did not differ much from the normal.

General Remarks.—The monsoon has been active in northern India and in the Konkan, and generally weak elsewhere. Rainfall has been nearly general in east Rajputana and the Konkan, and local in the east Punjab, the United Provinces, Gujarat, Kathiawar, the Central Provinces, the Bombay Deccan, Mysore and on the north Madras coast. The chief amounts besides those already mentioned, are 0.11" at Masulipatnam, and 0.10" at Bangalore.

Forecast.—A decrease of rainfall is probable in the United Provinces.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Sept. 1.

Konderkerk, Coerkemp, Rotterdam.

DEPARTURES.

Sept. 2.

Maur, Ramsland, Bangkok.
Honolulu Maru, Ohno, Rangoon.
Anomia, Seville, Karachi.
Lornaston, Barron, Hull.
Vasna, Fitzherbert, Busreh.

LOADING.

Sept. 1.

Steamer Shwedagon for Rangoon.
Steamer Bandra for Busreh.
Steamer Bassano for Busreh.
Steamer Jehangir for Jeddah.
Steamer Risaldar for Java.
S S Konderkerk—The E D Sassoon Coy.'s Steamer Konderkerk, arrived in harbour yesterday from Rotterdam, with a general cargo.
S S Maur—The F F Campbell Coy.'s steamer Maur will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Bangkok, with a general cargo.
S S Honolulu Maru—The O S K steamer Honolulu Maru will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Rangoon, with ballast.
S S Anomia—The Graham T Coy.'s steamer Anomia, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Karachi, with a cargo of kerosine oil.
S S Lornaston—The Graham T Coy.'s steamer Lornaston, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Hull, with a general cargo.
S S Vasna—The B I S N Coy.'s steamer Vasna, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Busreh, with a general cargo and passengers.

ENGLISH MAIL REPORT.

The P and O S N Coy.'s English Mail steamer Razmak, will arrive to-day at about 6 (a.m.) from Aden, with the outward mails of the 48th ultimo, a general cargo and passengers.

AFRICAN MAIL REPORT.

The B I S N Coy.'s Mail steamer Khadala will arrive to-day at about 1.45 p.m. from Durban etc., with mails, a general cargo and passengers.

ARRIVAL OF PILGRIMS.

The T M Coy.'s steamer Jehangir, will arrive to-day at about 1.45 a.m. from Jeddah, with a general cargo and pilgrims.

EXPORTS.

Sept. 1.

S S Mantua from London:—2 bales Lamb skins, Cox and King Ltd; 1 bale Broadtails and Nazankha skins, Cox and King Ltd; 14 bundles lamb skins, M M T Afshan; 49 bales Cottons, W Latham and Co; 90 cases Sandalwood oil, Thos Cook and Sons; 1,000 ewts myrabolams, M B Kaisha Ltd; 10 Jottas per Hingar, A A Chinwalla; 94 ewts Groundnut oil cakes, N V Velomohed; 2,000 Linseed Oil Cakes, R Meherally and Sons; 19 cuts Fish maws, H A Mohamed and Sons; 1 cask Lizard and Python skins, H M Dand Khan and Sons; 35 casks Goat skins, H M Dand Khan and Sons; 8 bales Goat skins, M Ladak; 2,000 ewts Myrabolams, and 2 pots Ginger grass oil, M Bhutta and Co.

For Marseilles:—45 cases Sandalwood Oil, Thos Cook and Sons; 1 case Lizard skins, Joseph Bros.

IMPORTS.

Sept. 1.

S S Marriensfeld, Agents Lionel Edwards, from Hamburg:—47 cases buttons, 18 cases screws, 29 cases cutlery, 27 cases tin mirrors, 401 D/S Chloride of magnesim, 225 brls white oil, 14 cases rubber heels, 125 cases bicarbonate of potash, 108 cases toys, 14 cases Invested mattles, 211 bds and 7 cases Hurricane Lamps, 20 cases padlocks, 50 cases Palocks and accessories, 815 cases School Slates, 46 cases Zinc Lamps, 86 bales paper, 154 cases Globes, 55 cases Hollow Glass, 20 cases Typewriter parts, 20 cases Carbonate of Ammonia, 8 cases Ivory, 299 cases Incandecent Lamps, 104 cases Ironware, 20 cases Soap boxes, 27 cases Whistles, 112 bas. Iron Tubes, 17 cases and 107 bds motor rubber covers and tubs, 46 rings solid rubber tyres, 19 bales garriage tying 10 rings wire rope, 20 cases pocket lamp batteries.

SIR GANGARAM'S BEQUEST OF RS. 13,50,000.

REMOVING A MISUNDERSTANDING

It has been circulated, in the press that Sir Ganga Ram has bequeathed Rs. 13,50,000 for charities. The amount has been left by him for his Charity Trust known as "Sir Ganga Ram Trust Society" for the existing institutions which he started during his life time. There has been a misunderstanding in certain quarters over this, and hence demands have been received from over India from various parties and institutions by the Society and some of the individuals trustees as well. It is expected that this will clear the matter, and such demands which the Trustees could not meet, will cease.

The Indian Chamber of Commerce, Calcutta, have telegraphed to the Government of India protesting against the Calcutta Port Commissioner's action in insisting on the qualification of a chartered accountant for an assistant accountants post.—A. P.

CEYLON SHARE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Sept. 1.
Messrs. Forbes and Lund, have received the following quotations by special telegram from their agents in Colombo, to-day:—

Name of Company	Latest prices	Face value	Just at rub in per, per bearing	Tea in Dividend bearing per cent.
Lukit Dewa Rubber	24	10	683	500
Cayana Rub. & Tea	17-8	10	733	315
Ceylon Planters	42-8	10	310	714
Ceylon Rubber	56	10	314	1400
Cineas Estates	32	10	455	1048
Cochin Rubber	50	15	370	1084
Chila Tea	290	100	474	1072
Estates Co. of Uva	40-8	10	565	325
Fairlawn Estate	35-8	15	1094	865
Procceter Estates	80	10	281	997
Elbow Rubber	16	10	930	861
Honiton Rubber	11-8	10	1344	397
Acrawala Rubber	47-8	10	390	708
IndoMalay Estates	24	10	612	735
Jambuland T. & Rub	48	10	730	620
Jebong Rubber	23-8	10	738	1026
Kalutara Company	48-10	10	412	1212
Kalutara Rubber	23	10	825	641
Kelani Valley Rubber	35	10	494	333
Langat River	34-10	10	441	111
Lanka Rubber	87-8	10	220	631
Landowne Rubber	210	50	560	517
Maha Uva Estates	66	10	405	57
Matale Valley Rubber	34	10	670	587
Mell Mor Estates	21	15	725	418
Mirahewa Rubber	54	10	388	912
Narandja Rubber	35	10	479	365
Neuchatel Estates	56	15	720	2423
North-Western Rub.	28	10	413	778
Palmadulla T. & Rub.	29-8	10	690	822
Rubber Growers	42-8	10	426	634
Saigawala T. & Rub.	230	90	383	3207
Torrington Tea	65	10	232	960
Udabaga Tea	80	30	439	1330
Udappala Rubber	26	10	1116	730
Ullawater Rubber	19-8	10	445	371
Yogan Tea	57-8	10	395	1183

Interims *Interims for 1926 + Cocosnauts
Remarks: Market—steady.
Rubber:—Spot Colombo—Re. 0.85 Cents Kalutara Company XD 10 per cent and Langat Rivers 8 per cent 1st Interims.

STERLING SHARE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Sept. 1.

Messrs. Forbes & Lund have received the following quotations by special Cablegram from their Agents in London to-day:

Name of Company	Face value	Paid up per of shares	Latest prices.
Andhra Valley (7 1/2% 1933 Notes)	£ 104.0.0		
Anglo-Persian Oil Co. Ltd.	£ 3. 18.0		
Assam Bengal Railway Ord. Stock	£ 90.0.0		
Balaghat Gold Mining (10% Pref.)	£ 0. 10.6		
Bombay Port Trust 6% Debs. (1952)	£ 108.0.0		
British Burmah Petroleum Co. Ltd.	£ 0. 6.0		
Burns Corporation Ltd.	£ 0. 13.0		
Burmah Oil Co. Ltd.	£ 5. 5.0		
Calcutta Port Trust 6% Debs. (1952)	£ 108.0.0		
Australian 5% Loan (1935/45)	£ 99. 5.0		
Calcutta Port Trust 6% Debs. (1953/83)	£ 97. 0.0		
Calcutta Tramways (Ord.)	£ 1. 1.0		
Chartered Bank of India A. & China	£ 20. 10.0		
Chersonese Rubber Co. Ltd.	£ 0. 3.6		
Eastern Bank Ltd.	£ 6. 5.0		
French 5% Rentes	£ 17. 0.0		
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank. Corp.	£ 115. 0.0		
India 3 1/2% Sterling Stock	£ 70. 5.0		
India 4 1/2% Sterling Loan (1950/55)	£ 33.10.0		
India 3% Sterling Stock	£ 60. 6.0		
India 5 1/2% Sterling Loan (1932)	£ 103. 0.0		
Karachi Port Trust 5 1/2% Debs. (1954)	£ 101. 0.0		
Linggi Plantations Ltd.	£ 2.11.3		
Lloyds Bank Limited	£ 3. 3.3		
Mexican Eagle Oil Co. Ltd.	£ 0.18.0		
National Bank of India Ltd	£ 50.5.0		
Nitrate Railway (Ord.)	£ 6. 5.0		
P. & O. Banking Corporation Ltd.	£ 9. 17.6		
Shahdara Saharanpur L. Ry. 4 1/2 o/o Debs.	£ 82.0.0		
Shell Transport & Trading Co. Ltd.	£ 4.10.0		
Southern Punjab Railway (Ord. Stock)	£ 195.0.0		
—do—do— (4% Pref. Stock)	£ 88.10.0		
Tata Iron & Steel (7% Debentures)	£ 99.10.0		
Tata Power (7 1/2% 'B' Debs. 1934-48)	£ 99. 0.0		
War Loan 5% (1929-47)	£ 102. 0.0		

Remarks: Market—steady, but quiet.

CHOLERA IN THE PRESIDENCY

56 NEW VILLAGES AFFECTED.

During the week ending 27th August there were in all 408 attacks and 159 deaths due to cholera in the Western Registration District as against 349 and 104 in the preceding week. Of these, East Khandesh was responsible for 343 attacks and 128 deaths; West Khandesh 4 attacks and 3 deaths; Nasik 57 attacks and 25 deaths; Thana 1 attack, and Kolaba 3 attacks and 3 deaths.

In the Central Registration District the total number of attacks and deaths was 1615 and 787 against 1635 and 669 during the preceding week. 56 villages are reported to be newly infected, while 54 old ones have ceased retreating cases.

Satara District reported 541 attacks and 260 deaths against 602 and 281 last week; Poon 108 attacks and 58 deaths against 117 and 58; Sholapur 643 attacks and 290 deaths against 536 and 237; Ahmednagar 321 attacks and 121 deaths against 320 and 95; and Ratnagiri 2 attacks and 2 deaths.

Aundh State reported 48 attacks and 13 deaths against 32 and 18 last week.

The report for the Southern Registration District shows that the epidemic has nearly disappeared in this area. There were in the whole Registration District 24 attacks and 11 deaths against 30 and 21 last week. Belgaum recorded 11 attacks and 5 deaths; Dhawar 7 attacks and 4 deaths, and Bijapur 6 attacks and 2 deaths.

Kolhapur State recorded 33 attacks and 17 deaths. Kurundwad Senior 6 attacks and 1 death; Kurundwad Junior 4 attacks and 1 death and Janakhandi 3 attacks only. Other States reported no occurrences.

SALE OF TREASURY BILLS.

OFFICIAL NOTIFICATION

Tenders will be received at the office of the Controller of the Currency, Calcutta, the Dy. Controller of the Currency, Bombay and the Accountant General, Madras, on Tuesday, the 6th September, up to 1 p.m. (standard time) for six months' Treasury Bills to the amount of Rs. 2 crores.

The Bills will be in amounts of Rs. 5,000 Rs. 10,000, Rs. 25,000, Rs. 50,000, Rs. 1,00,000, Rs. 5,00,000 and Rs. 10,00,000.

The Bills will be issued and paid at the Local Head Office of the Imperial Bank of India, Calcutta, Bombay and Madras.

Each tender must be for a multiple of Rs. 5,000 the lowest tender admissible being Rs. 10,000. Each tender must specify the net amount per cent. (in rupees and annas) which will be given for the amount applied for. Tenders at rates containing fractions of an anna will not be accepted. Tenderers will have the option of taking an accepted tender in a single Bill of any of the values mentioned in paragraph 2 above, or in a number of Bills of smaller amounts aggregating the total tender.

The persons whose tenders are accepted will be informed of the same on Wednesday, the 7th September, and payment in full of the amounts of the accepted tenders must be made to the Imperial Bank of India on Saturday the 10th September not later than 12 O'clock noon (standard time). If tenders are received in excess of the amount offered, a proportional allotment will be made.

The Government of India reserve the right of rejecting any tenders.

BANDRA NOTES.

CRICKET TOURNAMENT.

(From Our Correspondent).

At last after a lapse of nearly five years Bandra is having a tournament in which the various village teams will compete. To facilitate matters in the selection of players the demarcation of the wards have been fixed by the Tournament Committee, the draw for the games are:—

1. D'Monte Street, 2. Kantwady; 3. Chum By; 4. Colwad; 5. Palli; 6. Hill Road; 7. Rajan; 8. Malla and Palli Hill; 9. Ranwar.

The games will be played out on the grounds of St. Andrews' High School starting at 10.30 a.m. Medals will be awarded to the winning team.

CRICKET.

The match between the "Rest" Ranwar and the "New Canterbury" ended in a win for the former. The scores were: "Rest":—L. Pereira 5; J. Pereira 10; Page D'Lima 13; J. Dias 5; P. D'Lima 1; I. Dias 0; M. Ifonso 1; G. Pereira 0; D. D'Silva 26; Alex. D'Souza 0; J. Baptista 18 (not out); Byes 5; total 71.

New Canterbury:—L. Pereira 2; L. Dharmaji 7; M. Pereira 0; S. Netto 13; J. Cardozo 5; M. Coomesco 6; P. Hetti 0; V. Lawrence 1; Ignatius 2; C. Rodricks 4; J. Borges 5; Byes 2; total 47.

FAREWELL TO B. E. S. AND T. CO.

SUPERINTENDENT.

A large gathering of the clerks of the B. E. S. and T. Co. Ltd. assembled on Tuesday evening in the T. C. office to honour Mr. K. R. Malsey who was retiring after 17 years service.

After Mr. Nanabhai Jairam had taken the chair the address on behalf of the Staff of the Ticket Cash office was presented. The address mentioned the energetic work of their Superintendent and eulogised his kindness and good regard for his staff. Presents of silverware and a gold ring were then offered.

Several other speakers then paid a tribute to the services of Mr. Malsey. The guest of the day then replied to the addresses. Thanking the staff, sincerely for their mark of appreciation and the others for their honour they had done him. A group photo was also taken.

BANDRA'S LITERARY PURSUITS.

An intellectual treat was afforded to those privileged to be present at the inauguration and debate of the Bandra Arts Circle on Sunday last.

After the introductory remarks of Rev. Dr. A. D'Souza, Dr. P. A. Dias, the President, called upon Mr. W. Pereira to propose that "the influence of the West has been beneficial to the East. The speaker, followed by Messrs. C. Ferreira and Miss B. Fernandes advanced the argument that the West had revived and imparted a new civilisation to the East which had its own mouldered to decay ages back.

The opposition led by Mr. P. A. D'Souza, stated that the West had forced themselves on the East and had suppressed the glory of Eastern lore for self aggrandisement and was therefore baneful in its effects.

The President then took votes and declared the proposition lost.

The Bandra Arts Circle has been established to encourage personal cultivation and a specialised study of practical problems.

MATERNITY CENTRE IN WADI BUNDER.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST'S RECOMMENDATION

At the Meeting of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay held on 30th August 1927, the following main items of business were disposed of:—

Colonel J. R. Minshull-Ford, D.S.O., M.C., was nominated by Government a Member of the Board vice Lieut-Col. T. S. Cotgrave, D.S.O.

A lease for 10 years was granted to the National Petrol Supply Company of a plot of land near Reay Road Railway Station for erecting a petrol pump installation and Depot for motor accessories. The Board also sanctioned a 5-year renewal of lease of Rent Roll No. 954, Elphinstone Estate, on certain revised terms and at a reduced rental.

A report from the Chief Engineer was considered regarding the new Steam Pilot Vessel "Lady Wilson", which was taken over from the builders, Messrs. Lobnitz & Co., on her arrival in Bombay on 17th August.

On the recommendation of the Finance and General Committee plans and estimates, the latter amounting to Rs. 17,100, were approved, subject to the sanction of Government, for opening an Infant and Maternity Welfare Centre at the Wadi Bunder labourers' canteen for the benefit of the families of Port Trust employees. Under this scheme the Port Trust will provide the buildings, main fittings and furniture, keep them in repair and contribute a monthly sum towards up-keep, whilst the Bombay Presidency Infant Welfare Society administer the Centre, provide milk and medical appliances, establish an infant and woman clinic under a qualified Lady Doctor and provide a resident nurse.

Some Beauty Secrets

By MIMOSA

My advice to smart women who demand the very best results is to leave most toilet preparations alone. When facial applications are necessary, get only the pure ingredients just as they come to the chemist himself. I will tell you in this column from time to time just what to get and just how to use it. Do not be persuaded into buying some cheap toilet preparation instead. Any chemist can supply you with genuine original concentrated ingredients, if he will, and I know, personally that most firms make a specialty of selling original packages of all kinds of pure ingredients neat, both direct and by post. I can point out to you, however, many useful hints, which involve no expense at all.

"How To Shampoo."—Try pure water. I think you could get as small a quantity as two or three ounces. A remarkably good shampoo is made by dissolving a teaspoonful of staxial in a cup of hot water. This cleanses the scalp well, and makes the hair very soft, glossy and wavy.

"Run Down."—If you cannot sleep well, nerves just a little unsettled, remember the body is like a piano and needs to be kept tuned up in concert with the ideal body tuner is Iron-Ox Tonic Tablets. They strengthen and invigorate the whole system and give instant relief from that "tired out," "done up" feeling.

"Regenerating The Skin."—You should be discouraged because the face black you are using isn't effective; at certain seasons of the year all skins are more or less discoloured or freckled, and a face black is hardly adequate. A substance which I highly recommend is Microsized Wax. It is a creamy product with wonderful absorbent properties, and in about ten days, if applied nightly, you will find that the old skin has almost imperceptibly entirely slaked off and the fresh skin underneath is apparent. This method is harmless, and the results achieved are most beautiful to one's looks and to the skin itself. About an ounce will do.

"Eyebrows and Lashes."—Have you tried brushing your eyebrows with a small soft brush? An excellent plan is to apply moustache to stimulate the growth of the eyebrows and lashes as well. Get only an ounce. It can be applied with the fingertip. I think you will find that your brows and lashes will soon become more luxuriant after such treatment.

"Annoying Perspiration."—For the offensive perspiration about your neck and under your arms use a little white pergel; applied to the affected surface with the finger-tips, it will instantly stop the trouble.

"Stimulating Hair Growth."—You should follow the instructions given in this article, and in addition make up a good hair and scalp tonic. Take an ounce of borax and mix it with a quarter pint of bay rum; rub into the scalp occasionally. It stimulates the growth of hair and prevents dandruff. You will soon see marked improvement in the general condition of your hair.

"A Graceful Figure."—Clynel Berries will do for you what they have done for hundreds of others like you. Quickly, easily, and with absolute safety you can remove all traces of fat without exercises, starvation diet, or the weakening effects of fat-reducing baths. Three or four Clynel Berries taken daily, one after each meal, will, in a few short weeks, reduce your figure to its original graceful proportions. The chemist either keeps or can easily procure them.

"Removing Unwisely Hair."—Powdered phenol is the most practical thing with which to remove the superfluous hair. Apply it directly to the surface affected, and it will melt so that it can be rubbed off in two or three minutes, leaving no trace. An ounce will last quite a long time.

"Avoiding Rouge."—Yes, I agree with you that rouge is easily detected, but because of that you need not be without it. It is essential in a few cases like yours. There is a powder, very little known to the public, called collaudum, which blends so remarkably with the skin that its use cannot be detected. Of course, some skins require very little colour, and you must be careful to know your style.

"A Soap Hint."—Pilets is a very good complexion soap that has been recommended to me by many who find its use delightful. It has a very soothing effect on the skin, and at the same time it is a good cleanser. I have not found as good a one, as yet.

"Improving the Lips."—A poor complexion is usually the cause of that blue, bloodless appearance of the lips you complain of, and for troubles of that kind you should consult your physician. But why let an old-fashioned prejudice keep you from seeking a harmless artificial aid temporarily? A soft stick of prolatum applied to the lips gives a beautiful and perfectly natural colour and prevents dryness.

CALM UNTRUBLED SLEEP

can be ensured by taking Phenalgin shortly before going to bed. Instead of restless, sleepless, anxious nights, followed by lassitude and nervous irritability during the day.

PHENALGIN

SOOTHES THE NERVES

tranquillises the brain and nerves, ensures restful, refreshing slumber and the certainty of vigour and energy on waking. Phenalgin has no depressant action whatever; it is

PROMPT, CERTAIN, SAFE

Supplied in bottles containing 25 or 50 tablets by all chemists and stores, or direct from Anglo-French Drug Co. (Eastern) Ltd., P.O. Box 60,

BOMBAY COTTON MARKET.

AMERICAN N. Y.—Declined on long liquidation Futures 2 to 10 points lower.

LOCAL:—Market Closed.

PRIVATE CABLES:—

Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cables dated 30th ultimo:
N.Y. October: Highest 23.34 (10.58 a.m.) lowest 22.22 (2.49 p.m.).

New York market declined on heavy long liquidation.

31st ultimo N. Y. October highest 22.57 (10.14 a.m.) lowest 22.03 (11.31 a.m.).

Liverpool August 30th:—

8.55 a.m.: Light to moderate rainfall Central belt and Arkansas.

10.40 a.m.: Heavy long liquidation at the opening.

Liverpool 8.45 p.m.: Heavy long liquidation new large buying, straddle buying.

Weather Map: Moderate rain in the Central belt.

Liverpool 31st August:—

9.05 a.m.: Slightly warmer. Excessive rains have fallen Vicksburg district and New Orleans district.

10.30 a.m.: At the opening market declined on heavy selling & catching stoppers orders. Later improved on scattered buying.

12.50 p.m.: Government report. Bol. weevil continue to be increased damage particularly sections in Alabama, Georgia, Mississippi, Louisiana, South Carolina, Arkansas, west and East Texas.

8.35 p.m.: Weather Map: Heavy rains in Mississippi and Louisiana.

Weekly Government Weather Report: Rather unfavourable.

Messrs. Langley and Co. have received the following cable:—

31st Aug: Weekly weather report:—Unfavourable, continued deterioration. East owing shedding and Boll weevil West dry.

30th Aug: Bureau might come 12-12 millions. Consider market discounting 12-34 millions.

Liverpool, dated the 30th and 31st ulto:—

"We have received the following cable from our New York friends:—Big liquidation, heavy profit-taking weevil Agricultural Bureau report being more favourable than expected but heavy rains have fallen in Arkansas, weather too dry parts Texas, wet forecast."

"New York cables. Free-bureau liquidation unfavourable, weekly weather rains Mississippi, Louisiana."

Messrs. Thomas Smith and Co. have received the following cable from their Liverpool friends:—

"Weekly weather report as expected."

ESSRS. VURDHMAN CO. ON COTTON.

Bombay, Sept. 1.

AMERICA:—

A week of heavy but speculation leading to long liquidation closed yesterday at 70 points higher for January futures.

Weekly infestation and continued satisfactory weather are undoubtedly the causes for the gloomy outlook for the crop and violent fluctuations in prices.

It is admitted, that weevil menace is greater this year than in the past few seasons, but how far the damage can be assessed in bales is still shrouded in a mystery and possibly no one can form a guess about it till the end of the crop season.

Apart from the actual circumstances warranted by the unusual hampering with the progress of the crop, speculation has done not a little to give prices to the record level of 23 1/2 cents. That a large portion of the New Crop futures is not held by actual spinners but by professional speculators will be readily admitted and that in itself constitutes a technical ground for large set backs as on Tuesday. Such set-backs present many favourable opportunities to increase holdings in cotton.

The consensus of opinion in the foreign markets is that the present prices have discounted a crop of 12 3/4 million bales. We hesitate to accept this decision of popular economies. If all the cumulative effect of adverse circumstances really put down the final crop at 12 1/2 million bales or so, we shall be surprised should prices not run up to 30 cents eventually. Human nature which always looks to comparison and analogy of the past, may pause for a while, before taking a fresh jump in September which has been exceptionally favourable for the crop during the last two years. From to-day onwards private anticipations of the Bureau on 8th September will pour in and their total effect cannot be anything other than bullish. Still higher prices are inevitable in the long run and whenever good opportunities present themselves, as

they are bound to do owing to profit realisations, we advise to go long.

BOMBAY:—

After touching Rs. 423 New Branch jumped up with extraordinary rapidity to Rs. 469 on Tuesday and since then the local market having been closed for holidays, the nominal quotation this morning is Rs. 454.

The prevailing sentiment in the local market is that a stage has now been reached in high prices when extensive realisations should set in and that the local prices cannot hereafter keep pace with any possible rise in New York. Prices are so violently disturbed nowadays that there is a general desire to liquidate all purchases at every stage of advance before going long anew. This desire will manifest itself more and more should there be further improvement and thus maintain the market in a healthy position. Also prudent sales from up-country with a view to averaging prices, if not as hedges, can be expected when the Omara Crops move. Fundamentally, the local market will provide ample opportunities to buy cotton and the buyers at dips can always expect a lifting hand from New York for quick turn.

The local cotton market was closed yesterday on account of 'Ganesh Chaturthi' and will remain closed to-day being a Jain holiday of 'Samvatsari.'

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 1st September 1927.

Barometer (corrected to 32 deg. F) at 8 a.m. 29.754 inches (.024 below normal).

Barometer (corrected to 32 deg. F) at 4 p.m. (previous day) 29.710 inches (.008 above normal).

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours -.040.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 80.0 degrees.

Temperature wet bulb at 8 a.m. 76.0 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 84.0 degrees (.8 below normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 77.0 degrees (normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 82 per cent.

Relative Humidity at 4 p.m. (previous day) 79 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. W. S. W.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 16 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 242 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 32 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy equal to 10) 7.

Rainfall in 24 hours 0.25 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 0.25 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 56.43 inches.

For Smartness and Vitality use

Ananga Probha Yakuti.

It is the best nerve tonic for overworked and used up energy and the quickest stimulant for rejuvenating the old and hopeless. This is the leading tonic of the day.

Price:—A phial of 30 pills, Rs. 10 (ten).

Ananga Probha Oil

An external liniment of the highest efficacy to bring about rapid and lasting sensation and potency.

Price:—A phial of 1 tola Rs. 10.

Raj Vaidya Narayanji, Keshavji.

Head Office:—Jamnagar (Kachhwar Branch) 303 Kalbadevi Rd. Bombay 2

BULLION MARKET.

SILVER.

Bombay, Sept. 1				
Market ruled narrow and closed as under:—				
Ready	57 1/2	57 3/4	57 1/2	57 3/4
Bhadrawa	57 1/2	57 3/4	57 1/2	57 3/4
Asho	57 1/2	57 3/4	57 1/2	57 3/4
Shanghai Exchange 2-5 5/8.				

GOLD.

Bombay, Sept. 1				
Ready	21 8 6			
Bhadrawa	21 8 3			
Asho	21 8 3			

PUNJAB PRODUCE QUOTATIONS.

(Special for 'The Chronicle'.)

(The Sri Krishna Bombay Trading Co. Ltd.)

Muktasir (Punjab), Aug. 30.

Wheat Asaj 4 10 9

Gram Asaj 4 1 3

Barley Asaj 3 5 0

READY.

Wheat 4 7 0 to 4 14 0

Gram 3 14 0 to 4 2 0

Barley 3 2 0 to 3 3 0

Rapeseeds 7 8 0 to 7 12 0

Rapeseed Oil 20 4 0

Cottonseed 3 14 0

MARKET ARRIVAL.

Wheat 2,200 mds.

Gram 800 mds.

Barley 200 mds.

EXCHANGE.

Bombay, Sept. 1.

Bank's selling T T 1/5 7/8.

Bank's selling D D 1/5 29/22.

Bank's buying 3 M/s D A 1/6 5/32.

Bank's buying T T 1/5 29/22.

Bank's buying D D 1/5 15/16.

Tone of Exchange.—Steady, market.

PARIS:—

Bank's selling D D Frcs. 902.

Bank's buying 3 M/s D A Frcs. 972.

Bank's buying D D Frcs. 957.

JAPAN:—

Bank's selling T T 130 3/4.

Bank's buying 60 D/s D P 126 3/4.

HONGKONG:—

Bank's selling D D 133 3/4.

SHANGHAI:—

Bank's selling D D Rs. 168 1/4.

SINGAPORE:—

Bank's selling D D Rs. 156.

NEW YORK:—

Bank's selling D D 276 1/2.

London Gold per oz. Ready 84.10 3/4.

London—Silver per oz. Ready 25.3.

London—Silver per oz. Forward 25.4.

Tone of Silver.—Weak India bought.

China sold. America offered freely. Market closed with sellers at 1/16 below the quoted rate.

American Cross Rate dot. 4.86 3/16.

Paris Cross Rate Frcs. 124.01.

LONDON DISCOUNTS.

Bombay, Sept. 1.

3 Months 4 5/16 per cent.

6 Months 4 15/32 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 4 1/2 per cent.

Money Call 2 3/4 per cent.

1 month 2 per cent.

3 months 2 1/2 per cent.

6 Months 3 1/2 per cent.

Tone of Money Market.—Steady.

Treasury Bank of India Rate 4 per cent.

LINSEED OIL.

London, Aug. 31.

Linseed Oil naked, London cwt:—

Sept/Dec. delivery sellers 31 1/2.

Jan/Apr. delivery paid and value 32.

COFFEE.

New York, Aug. 31.

Coffee Fair Rio (No. 7 quality) Spot: 13.5/16.

LONDON METALS.

London, Aug. 31.

Copper. English best Selected .. 60-58

Copper Braziers .. 70-12

Yellow Metal .. 63

Spelter Hard, Indian Brands .. 24-14

Corrugated Sheet 24 gauge .. 14

Tin English Ingots .. 287-12

WHEAT—LONDON MARKET.

London, Aug. 31.

Barletta Russo, per 63 lb:—

Aug/Sept. shipment sellers 54 1/2.

Rozario Santa Fe, per 63 lb:—

Aug/Sept. shipment sellers 53.

Wheat, Australian:—

Above sellers 54 1/2.

Wheat, Choice White Karachi Cargoes.

Sept. shipment sellers 54 1/2.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Aug. 31.

Chartered Bank of I.A. & C. .. 20-14

Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Register) .. 115

P. & O. Banking Corporation .. 9-7 1/2

National Bank .. 50-14

Eastern Bank .. 6-14

Funding Loan 4 p.c. .. 86-5/8

Conversion Loan 4 p.c. .. 75-1/8

Indian Loan 5-1/2 p.c. .. 101-5/8

Rupce Paper 3-1/2 p.c. .. 55

Indian Stock 3 per cent. .. 60-1/4

Sterling Loan .. 70-1/4

Indian Stock 3-1/2 per cent. .. 54-3/4

Sterling Loan .. 101-7/8

Consols .. 93

War Loan 5 per cent. .. 93

Victory Bonds 4 p.c. .. 93

LONDON RUBBER.

London, Aug. 31.

Para Rubber Oct/Nov. value 13-1/4.

NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKETS.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Aug. 31.	
October	22.20—10
December	22.50—08
January	22.47—07
March	22.63—09
May	22.72—05
Middling Spot	22.40—10

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Aug. 31.	
October	22.19—01
January	22.42—18
Middling Spot	22.00

NEW YORK.

New York, Aug. 31.

(As known in Liverpool at closing time.)

October .. 22.42

January .. 22.68

March .. 22.57

NEW YORK NOON CALL:—

October .. 22.41

January .. 22.69

March .. 22.79

NEW ORLEANS 9 A.M.:—

October .. 22.16

January .. 22.44

March .. 22.61

RECEIPTS AND EXPORTS OF U.S.A.

New York, Aug. 31.

Bales.

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports 56,000

Day's Exports to Great Britain 8,000

Day's Exports to the Continent 32,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, Aug. 31.

September .. 11.57—43

October .. 11.63—46

November .. 11.69—45

December .. 11.75—46

January .. 11.79—45

February .. 11.79—45

March .. 11.84—44

April .. 11.83—44

May .. 11.85—46

June .. 11.75—45

July .. 11.72—44

August .. 11.65—44

September .. 11.59

Middling Spot .. 11.72—32

SALES.

Liverpool, Aug. 31.

Bales.

Sales at Liverpool 10,000

Sales on Speculation 500

Sales of East Indian Cotton 50

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Aug. 31.

Scinde Good .. 9.05

" Fully Good .. 9.25

" Fine .. 9.45

Bengal Good .. 9.05

" Fully Good .. 9.25

" Fine .. 9.45

Omara Good .. 9.55

" Fully Good .. 9.80

" Fine .. 10.05

Broach Good .. 9.90

" Fully Good .. 10.20

" Fine .. 10.50

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Aug. 31.

September .. 19.23

October .. 19.35

November .. 19.55

December .. 19.55

January .. 19.85

February .. 19.54

March .. 19.53

April .. 19.53

May .. 19.50

June .. 19.49

BOMBAY CITY
AND SUBURBS.

ENGAGEMENTS

TO-DAY.

S.S. "Razmak" with the mails p.m.
"Malwa" expected at 6 a.m.

SATURDAY, Sept. 8.

The s.s. "Delta" with the English mails at 1 p.m. connecting s.s. "Rawalpindi" at Aden.

Prof. Ernest Hornby on Education J. N. Petit Institute, Hornby Road, 6-15 p.m.
Prof. P. A. Wadia presiding.
Ladies' observance of anniversary of "G. O. M. of India", Gujarati Hindu Stree Mandal, Girgaum Back Road, 4-30 p.m., Mrs. Naidu presiding.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

The Imperial Bank of India Rate of Interest on Demand Loans on Government Paper remains unchanged at four per cent.

SHRI GOGHARI VISA SHRIDMALI JAIN DISPENSARY.

The total number of Jain patients treated during August 1927 at the above dispensary, were 637; out of which 284 were males 188 were females; and 166 were children.

ISLAM AND CHRISTIANITY

A public meeting will be held at the Arya Samaj Hall, Kankardwadi, Girgaum, Bombay, to-day (Friday) at 6 p.m. (B.T.) when Pandit Satya Priya will deliver a lecture on "Foundations of Islam and Christianity".

MRS. NAIDU'S LECTURE.

Under the auspices of the Young Men's Hindu Association, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu will deliver a public lecture to-day (Friday), at 6.30 p.m. (S.T.) in the premises of the Association when all are cordially invited to attend.

CINEMA SHOW FOR FLOOD FUND.

Under the auspices of the Social Welfare Work, Nalgaon, a Cinema Show will be given at the Saraswati Cinema, Desai Road, Lower Parel, to-morrow (Saturday) at 2 p.m. (S.T.) for the benefit of the flood-stricken people of Gujarat and Kathiawar. "Havod in Gujarat" will be the film shown.

LECTURE ON SCIENCE.

Under the auspices of the School of Economics and Sociology, Dr. A. N. Meldrum of the Royal Institute of Science will deliver a lecture on "Research into the History of Science" at the University South Wing, First Floor, to-day (Friday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.). The lecture is open to the public.

LATE RAO RAHADUR RAJADHYAX

Under the joint auspices of several Saraswat Institutions a condolence meeting will be held to give expression to the sense of profound sorrow and irreparable loss caused by the sad and sudden demise of Rao Bahadur S. V. Rajadhyax, on Sunday (the 4th inst.) at 9 a.m. in Saraswat Brahma Samaj Hall, Honourable Mr. Justice S. S. Patkar will preside.

C. K. P. SAMAJ, LALBAUG.

Under the auspices of the C. K. P. Samaj, Lalbag, a Hari Kirtan will be delivered by Mr. Yeshodabai Bhatt as part of Shri Ganeshotsav on Saturday (the 3rd inst.) at 4.30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Padamsey Building, Lalbag. The Art collections will be sent in aid of the Ladies' Hostel of the Hansraj P. Thackersey College, Nasik. All ladies and gentlemen are cordially requested to be present.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The P. and O. Mail Steamer "China" with the mails from Bombay of 27th ultimo, arrived at Aden at 6 a.m. on the 1st inst. and left there at 10.30 a.m. the same day.

The outward P. and O. Mail Steamer "Rajputana" with the mails from London of the 26th ultimo arrived at Port Said at 5.40 a.m. on the 31st ultimo and left there at 10 a.m. the same day.

The Clan Line S.S. "Hesperides" left Liverpool for Aden, Madras and Calcutta on the morning of 31st.

DR. BHANDARKAR ANNIVERSARY.

Under the joint auspices of the Saraswat Brahma Samaj Goud, Saraswat Brahma Mitra Mandal, Kanara Saraswat Association and Saraswat Samuha, Bombay, the Anniversary of the late Dr. Ramkrishna Gopal Bhandarkar will be celebrated at the Saraswat Brahma Samaj Hall, Girgaum to-morrow (Saturday) at 6 p.m. when Prof. P. J. Sabnis, Principal V. R. Nerkar will address the meeting. Mr. Vidharao Narayan Chandra warkar will preside.

GOVERNOR TO VISIT GOKAK FALLS.

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay will pay a visit to Gokak Falls on the 31st of October next.

NON-BRAHMINS AND CONGRESS

Mr. S. V. Lalit informs, that Mr. K. V. Vichare of Satara, proposer of the amendment in favour of joining the Congress in the non-Brahmin Conference, and his co-worker Mr. Rane, Pleader, Satara, have joined the Congress.

ALLEGED
DEFAMATION."KAKA" BAPTISTA'S
COMPLAINT.SUMMONS ORDERED TO BE
ISSUED.

Mr. Joseph Baptista, Barrister-at-Law, appeared before Mr. H. P. H. Dastur the Chief Presidency Magistrate on Thursday and filed information charging Mr. L. G. Pradhan, a High Court Pleader, with defamation. Mr. Baptista in the course of his complaint stated that Mr. Pradhan had by having published a letter in the "Indian National Herald" of August 24, 1927, containing serious imputation and insinuation against his personal character which were false malicious and defamatory, defamed him in the eyes of the public.

The letter in reference was about the rivalry and antagonism between two Unions of Seamen in Bombay e.g. The Indian Seamen's Union which consists entirely of Goan Seamen and the Seamen's Union. Mr. Pradhan, the accused was the president of the Indian Seamen's Union. Mr. Baptista alleged that the following portion of Mr. Pradhan's letter published in the "Herald" as a reply to his letter was defamatory.

Further the myth of good management was easily exploded when I found in the records of the union the report of the auditors for the year 1922. The very first statement runs as follows: Accounts records and vouchers are in a chaotic state and very unsatisfactory. The sum of Rs. 38,450 and odd is not accounted for at all and "in the very first year of Mr. Baptista's presidency the sum of Rs. 7201 was debited as litigation fees."

His Worship ordered the issue of a summons against Mr. Pradhan.

ASSAULTING A CLERK.

TAJ MAHAL HOTEL MANAGER LET
OFF WITH FINE.

Charged with assaulting Basilisco Kargulho a Goanese checker, Mr. E. Cunard the manager of the Taj Mahal Hotel was convicted by Mr. D. N. D. Khandlwalla, the Presidency Magistrate, Thursday Court on Thursday and was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 30.

The complainant, it may be recalled had alleged that the accused had caught hold of him, shook him by the shoulders and had given him a fist blow while he was discharging his duties.

The accused denied having given a fist blow on the complainant's chest.

The Magistrate however disbelieved the accused and sentenced him as above.

ALLEGED SALE OF OBSCENE
PICTURES.

TWO MEN CHARGED.

In prowling about the precincts of New Foras Road on Friday last at 9 p.m. in search of gamblers Deputy Inspector Samson and Sub-Inspector Tawde of the Nagpada Police Station came upon a small crowd surrounding a gharry. Thinking that some race-betting was going on the police officers swooped down upon the crowd and arrested two men Dattarya, a printer in Globe Printing Press and Ramrao a clerk in the Universal Film Company. It appeared that the two men were exhibiting a number of obscene pictures to some of their friends when a crowd collected. The accused were charged under Section 291 of the Indian Penal Code before Mr. Khairaz, Presidency Magistrate at Mazagon when the accused denied that they exhibited any of the pictures to anybody but averred that they were studying a race-book at the time of arrest. The case stands adjourned.

THEFTS OF MOTOR CARS.

ONE MISSING FROM TOWN HALL
COMPOUND.

Mr. L. D. Keith, residing at Northcote House, Ormiston Road, reports to the police the theft of his motor car, No. Y166, valued at Rs. 1,500. The complainant left his car inside the porch of his house on Monday night. On Wednesday morning he found the car missing.

Another theft of a minor car is reported by Mr. C. McCaskie residing at Wodehouse Road. The car's number is Y1466 valued at Rs. 3,200.

The complainant went to Town Hall in his car on Tuesday night to attend a dance. The car was parked along with other cars in the compound of the Town Hall. At midnight after the dance was over when he went to look for his car, he found it missing.

ALLEGED KIDNAPPING AND
RAPE.

A YOUNG GIRL VICTIMISED

Two men, Taloo Badhu and Mama Raghu have been placed before Mr. Khairaz, Presidency Magistrate at Mazagon

NO THREE LOOMS.

APOLLO MILL STRIKE ENDS.

The Apollo mill strike came to an end yesterday morning on amicable settlement having arrived at between the weavers on strike and the Management. The strike began on the 1st of August and lasted for exactly one month. It will be remembered that the weavers went on strike because, they complained that the three-loom system started meant to them more hardship besides being a device for bringing about a wage-cut in an indirect manner. All attempts at conciliation proved futile when the negotiations came to an abrupt conclusion on or about the 15th of August.

PICKETING BY MR. JOGLEKAR.
The weavers went on strike, but the result was that the spinners were compelled to be out of work. This went on the management expecting that the workers would give in as the Ganapati festival was drawing near. The strikers were guided by a Committee of Messrs. Mayekar of the Girmi-Kamgar-Mahamandis and Mr. K. N. Jogekar. From the 25th onwards it seemed as though the strike was spreading to David, Rachael and other mills from the Sassoon group. The David Mill was picketted by Mr. Jogekar for three days continuously. The police also had made special arrangements to meet

WHAT IS YOUR BIRTHDAY?

TO-DAY'S FORECAST. (SEP. 2ND.)

(By KAM, Chela of Himalayan
Joshiharaj Jothabhai Labaddas.)

SIGN OF ZODIAC: VIRGO.

If to-day is your birthday the heavenly signs indicate that you belong to the hated order of "Blow hot blow cold," blow tepid, blow searing, and blow lukewarm blow "ek duni garam". This game, though paying you many times, will be disastrous to you several times. If a profit and loss account of this attitude is taken, you will be actually making loss, though you will be telling the world that you are actually making profit in the absence of critical and shrewd sub-junctivalas like "Sham." Your motto is to sacrifice peace at any price, and war to the knife ("la Pathan") and you will die only at the eleventh, rather at the twelfth, hour. A European writer has said, of course jeonally that if an Englishman's home is his castle his children see to it that it shall be his fool's paradise as well. But if you are a person of pigment, like an average man of the East you will treat your home not only as a castle but also as a temple, where you will worship your idol of a son or brass with flower, "kanku," turmeric betel-nut, rice, and also worship the idol of flesh and blood with offerings of jewels and jingling coins, and sing thus, like Valgovid in the Spring:—

"She is young and very sweet,
From the silver on her feet
To the silver and the flowers in her hair,
And her beauty makes me swoon
As the "moghra" trees at noon
Intoxicate the hot and quivering air."

any untoward situation, if any. There was, however, never any violence; every move was peaceful.

AMICABLE SETTLEMENT.
For the last two or three days, conversations again began between the management and the strike Committee, with the result that the three-loom system was given up. A notice to that effect was posted on the mill-doors yesterday morning. Until this was actually done, the workers would not enter the mill premises. They were addressed by Messrs. Jogekar and Mayekar, who explained the terms of the settlement. As the workers entered the mills they cried "jai" to the Girmi Kamgar Maha Mandal.

on a charge of alleged kidnapping and rape. The victim is a girl of thirteen years, named Lakshpathibai, who, according to the prosecution story was kidnapped from up-country by the first accused and brought to Bombay where she was sold for Rs. 15 to the 2nd accused, who, in spite of her entreaties, ravished her. On receiving certain information, the police raided the house of the 2nd accused and rescued the girl. The case is remanded for further inquiries.

ALLEGED CHEATING.

RALLIS' CLERK IN TROUBLE

Khursedi Framji Ghista, a clerk in the firm of Messrs. Ralli Brothers, Bombay, was placed before the Chief Presidency Magistrate by Inspector Achrekar of the C.I.D., on Thursday, charged with cheating the firm in respect of Rs. 28,663 by substituting whole pages in a certain contract book of which he was in charge.

Mr. Achrekar asked for a remand to enable the police to investigate the matter. The accused was released on a bail of Rs. 20,000 on the application of Mr. P. Godinho.

HIGH COURT

MURDER CHARGE FAILS.

DEATH SENTENCE SET ASIDE
IN APPEAL.

The Hon. Justice Patkar and Baker on the Appellate Side of the High Court set aside the sentence of death passed by the Sessions Judge of Ahmednagar on Yashwant Gahinaji, an old agriculturist who was convicted of murder.

It was alleged that the accused had a grudge against his neighbour Bhagu on account of some land dispute and also because his daughter who was married to Bhagu had quarrelled with him and left him.

On December 22 last, it was alleged, the accused taking advantage of the absence of Bhagu and his family put arsenic in some flour in their house. Three members of the unsuspecting family were poisoned by the bread prepared from the flour, and one of them died.

The only evidence to connect the accused with the crime was his motive and subsequently conduct. The motive suggested was his grudge against Bhagu arising out of previous quarrels. His staying away from the village for some time after the offence was also a suspicious circumstance.

Their Lordships, in appeal, observed that those who claimed to be eye-witnesses of the crime were proved to be ill-disposed towards the accused, and their evidence could not be relied upon in the absence of other corroborative evidence of an independent character.

Their Lordships, therefore, allowed the appeal and acquitted the accused.

GIVING TIPS FOR RACES.

HOTEL PROPRIETOR CONVICTED OF
GAMBLING.

The Hon. Justice Patkar and Baker on the High Court disposed of the appeal filed by the Government of Bombay against the acquittal of Parduji C. Gora, the proprietor of the London Hotel, Grant Road, and his cook Subashani Meneses, by a Bench of Honorary Magistrates at Girgaum Court on the charge of gaming in a public street under S. 12 of Prevention of Gambling Act.

On January 22 last, Inspector Lyons of the C.I.D. who was standing on the footpath opposite the hotel, observed the first accused passing a slip of paper to his cook. Mr. Lyons caught the slips and when the accused tore the slips to pieces, Mr. Lyons collected the pieces on which were written the names of three

RELIEF WORK IN MATAR.

MR. VALLABHAI PATEL APPEALS
FOR 2 MOTOR LORRIES.

Two Motor lorries of 1 1/2 ton capacity each are urgently required either as gift or loan for 4 months to carry grain for cheap grain shop seeds and clothes from Nadiad station to Matar—the worst affected area in Gujarat. Mr. Vallabhai Patel feels sure his appeal will evoke a generous and immediate response from the citizens of Bombay.

"Opinion", "Fairness", and "Pack Up" as also the words "first lot" and "place" and the figures 1, 4, 0. The accused were arrested and a sum of Rs. 6 was wound with the first accused. It was alleged that the first accused entrusted Rs. 1-4-0 to the cook and employed him to bet on the horses mentioned in the slip, either at the "bucket shop" or elsewhere.

MAGISTRATES DIFFER.

The accused were tried by Mr. Kapadia and Mr. Turkhud, Hon. Presidency Magistrates, Girgaum Police Court. Mr. Kapadia wrote and signed the judgment, acquitting the accused. Mr. Turkhud, having dissented, Mr. Kapadia, as Chairman, received his casting vote and ordered the accused to be acquitted. The note of dissent was not recorded.

The Government appealed to the High Court against the acquittal. Mr. S. G. Velinker who appeared for the accused, contended that when the Bench was divided, the chairman's casting vote should be decisive. There was no law requiring the chairman to record the dissenting judgment.

The Government Pleader for the Crown argued that the judgment of the Chairman should prevail at the dissenting magistrate had a voice in the determination of all the points at issue, his judgment also should form part of the record.

HIGH COURT'S RULING.
The Lordships in deciding the appeal, ruled that the dissenting judgment should form part of the record, as otherwise the Appellate Court would not be in a position to know whether the judgment of the Lower Court was a concurring judgment or dissenting.

Coming to the merits of the case, their Lordships observed that the Magistrates were divided in their opinion, but though the chairman's opinion must prevail, in considering the appeal it was not entitled to a greater weight than that of his dissenting colleague. Their Lordships were satisfied on the evidence that the first accused had passed Re. 1-4-0 to the second accused.

Both the accused were, therefore, convicted of gaming in a public street, and fined Rs. 10 and Rs. 5 respectively.

SARVAJANIK GANESH UTSAV DADAR
There will be a Kirtan by Nana Maharaj Shrigondkar to-day (Friday) at 9.30 p.m. (S.T.).

POONA RACES

1ST MEETING: 2ND DAY.

ACCEPTANCES.

The following are acceptances for the Second Day's races of the First Meeting to be run at Poona on Saturday. The first race runs at 2.15 p.m.

THE MODERATE PLATE. Division I.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 2,500; second Rs. 750; third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Arabs in Class II.

Red Prince 9/5; Red Flag 8/13; Andhra Valley 8/12; Anwar 8/20; Malikizaman 8/6; Grey Master 8/5; Mahfuz 8/4; Ahid 8/0; Security 7/13; Mashalla 7/13; Hishan 7/12; Fairloss 7/10; Moonsad 7/7 and Detective 6/12.

THE MODERATE PLATE. Division II.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,500; second Rs. 750; third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Arabs in Class II.

Mooltan 9/2; Roseoff 8/12; Sinnan 8/12; Noorimulk 8/11; Manek Beg 8/6; Saloni 8/6; Kandiana 8/5; Try Again (late Farooq) 8/4; Sultan Beg 8/3; Hatcher 8/0; Murali 7/12; Kadoor Beg 7/10; Meried 7/6; Butterfly 7/5 and Zoolfakar 7/4.

THE VISITORS PLATE. Division I.—Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 3,500; second Rs. 1,250; third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Riverine 9/5; Bentoi 7/8; Cuckoo 9/0; Purser 9/0; Lowhorn 8/13; Nougat 8/12; Adour 8/9; Longleaf 8/8; San Fay 7/6; Georgina 8/7; Theora 8/6; Star of France 8/5; Philippa of Mainault 7/10; Diamond (late Wible Wible) 8/4; Heat Wave 8/1 and Knight's Cross 7/11.

THE VISITORS PLATE. Divisions II.—Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 3,500; second Rs. 1,250; third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Miraj 9/3; Cailis 8/13; Well Copped 8/0; Poet's Dream 8/11; Gangasagar (late Seapoint) 8/11; Bonaparte (late Motu Padri) 8/8; Ismet 8/2; Shiva Kumari 8/2; Shahu Prasad (late Trevethie) 7/10; Steel Blue 7/12; Frailty 7-8; Lucy Junior 7/11, and Joyful 7/7.

H. H. THE FIRST AGA KHAN'S COMMEMORATION PLATE.—Distance 1 1/4 miles.

Winner Rs. 7,500; second Rs. 2,500; third Rs. 1,250. Terms for Arabs in Classes I and II.

Dilwar 9/13; Mansoor Beg 9/10; Hiazuzaman 9/10; Cheerful 9/7; Arabian Star 9/1; O'Brien (late Rami) 8/10; Shivaji Prasad 8/7; France 8/11; Kadir, Hajar 8/10; Rarity 8/10; Hazal 8/10; Khundil 8/10; Jalmoor 8/10; Solomon's Song 8-10; Arab Prince 8/10; Ferdinand 8/7, and Roman 8/0.

THE AUTUMN PLATE. Distance 1 1/2 miles.

Winner Rs. 7,000; second Rs. 2,500; third Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for Horses in Class II.

Cued. Canlas 9/0; Chrysolite 8/11; Dark Ordeal 8/10; Tycho 8/6; Astre d'Or 8/5; Tristan 8/3; Lucy Man 8/2; The Sliding Stone 8/0; Aldergrove 7/13; Katerfelto 7/10, and Shivanivas (late Black Cargo) 8/0.

THE AGA KHAN'S CUP.—Distance 1 1/2 miles.

A Cup value £100 sterling presented H. H. the Aga Sir Sultan Muhammad Shah, Aga Khan, G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E., and Rs. 23,000 from the fund. Winner, Cup and Rs. 15,000; second, Rs. 5,000; third Rs. 3,000.

Ventose 9/2; Fun of the Fyre 9/2; Cap-a-Pie 9/2; Domestic Bond 9/0; Bonnie Lad 9/2; Aborigine 9/0; Henri 9/0; Minority 8/7 and Kordney 8/7.

THE POONA PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 10,000; second Rs. 3,000; third Rs. 2,000. For Horses, 3 and 4 years old only.

Woodstock II 9/7; Flying Steve (late Mirabeau) 8/3; Henrietta 8/3; Vijaya Kumari (late Sonnet) 7/10; Golden Charm 7/10; Polecat 7-10; Daywork 7/6; Gallant Gael 7/6; Shri Narayan (net Know-all) 7/3; Gangasagar (late Seapoint) 6/5, and Relair 6/12.

THE ARAB PONY DERRY.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 4,000; second Rs. 1,250; third Rs. 750. Terms for Arab Ponies 14 hands and under which have not won a flat race value Rs. 2,000 or over previous to 31st March, 1927.

Hawad 9/0; Shahzaman 8/3; Zeebar 7/8; Tamaran 8-10; Ghurfa 8-10; Gentle Prince 8/10; Clog Dance 8/6; Little Wonder 8/6; Aifan 8/4; Mercury 8/4; Hailan 8/3; Nassrat 8/0; Company 3/0; Mahadood 8/0; Najmuzzaman 8/0; Dan Leno 8/0; Josimos 8/0; Palford 8/0; Sadoola 8/0; Shapoor 8/0; Sabirtaj 7/10 and Maloom 7/10.

GUJARAT MANDAL RELIEF FUND.

The following sums have been received through Mr. Keshavprasad C. Desai:

Sums previously acknowledged Rs. 1,890. Mrs. Padmavati Thakor Rs. 10, Mrs. Bijvidya Merchant Rs. 10, Miss Ramila Shroff Rs. 10, Mrs. Tara Amerchand Shroff Rs. 10, Miss Bachubai Lotwala Rs. 10, Mrs. Chandamati P. M. Desai Rs. 10, Mrs. Kusum D. M. Desai Rs. 10, Mrs. Lilabai Surajmal Jhaveri Rs. 10, Mrs. Maniben Dulabhadra Rs. 10, Mrs. Jayashri Rajg Rs. 10, Mrs. Freni P. Dubash Rs. 10, Mrs. Mohibben Kotak Rs. 10, Mrs. Indira Panandikar Rs. 10, Mrs. Motiben, c/o. M. B. Mehta Rs. 10, Mater Surish K. Desai Rs. 10. Sums smaller than Rs. 10 amounted to Rs. 428/8. The total being Rs. 2,468/8.

FOOTBALL

ROVERS TOURNEY

CHESHIRE TO PLAY ON FINAL.

The semi-final between the Cheshires and Ulsters played on the Cooperage yesterday provided an unexpectedly good match, the former winning by the odd goal in three. Heavy showers during the day had made the ground sodden and treacherous, but though the task of the players was unenviable, the standard of football was high and the large crowd present thoroughly enjoyed the game. There was no hint of one-sidedness the exchanges being very even, and there were those who considered the Ulsters rather unlucky to lose. They had some excellent chances of scoring and, but for a particularly treacherous patch in front of the Cheshires' goal, would certainly have done so.

Once again the Poona team had to thank their fine backs Price and Viford for their victory. They were always safe, intercepting and kicking well, and though their citadel did fall once, they showed the nippy little Ulster very little rope. The Cheshires' forwards were unusually clever, the whole combining well, and at times their work was really brilliant. Westcott was a good leader while Barton on the left wing played his usual good game.

Cheshires 2 goals.
Ulsters 1 goal.
Cheshires:—Woods; Price and Viford; Herd, Cumiff and Dale; Allsopp, Parkin, Westcott, Shaw and Barton.
Ulsters:—Grisham Kelly and Leatham; Dickson, Lum and Lyons; Gibson, Lee, Ennis, Watson and Gorman.
Referee:—W. Godwin.

TO-DAY'S CHARITY MATCH

South Staffords vs. Rest of the League.

SATURDAY'S FINAL

CHESHIRE vs. LANCASHIRE
FUSILIERS.

SARDAR GHORPADE'S CLAIMS.

BARODA, Sept. 1.

The report that Sardar Narsingrao Ghorpade's claims to the Sardar Gadi have been upheld by the Government of India, lacks confirmation.—A. P.

LATEST NEWS

LONDON, Sept. 1.

South African Pilot Lieutenant Bentley started this morning from Heaton aerodrome for Capetown in a light aeroplane "Johannesburg Star".—Reuter.
Windsor, Ontario.—Stinson Monoplane "Royal Windsor" piloted by Schiller and Wood started at nine this morning on a nonstop flight to Windsor, England.—Reuter.

Halifax Nova Scotia.—Closest watch is being maintained on the whole Atlantic Coast for Mitchin's monoplane "St. Raphael" which is now six hours overdue.—Reuter.

CALCUTTA, Sept. 1.

On the information of Mr. S. N. Halder, one of the Directors of the Bengal Lakshmi Cotton Mills, Mr. Hariballabha, selling agent of the Mills, was arrested by the C.I.D. this evening, for an alleged fraudulent transaction in connection with two cheques, amounting to Rs. 428,000 said to be drawn by Mr. B. K. Lahiri, in favour of Mulji Jecha and Co. These two cheques, are, it is said, quite distant from those which form the subject matter of charges against Messrs. Lahiri and B. N. Banerjee. Hariballabha was released on a bail of Rs. one lakhs, with two sureties of fifty thousand each.—Free Press.

LATEST COTTON
QUOTATIONS

(Through Cotton Telegraphic Information Service, 375, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.)

JANUARY
NEW YORK.

Sept. 1.
Previous Closing Rate 22.47
To-day's Opening Rate 22.80
Difference +.33
To-day's Closing Rate 23.20
Difference +.43

LIVERPOOL

Sept. 1.
Previous Closing Rate 11.79
To-day's Opening Rate 11.87
Difference +.08
To-day's Closing Rate 11.93
Difference +.14

LONDON SILVER MARKET

Sept. 1.
Silver Ready 25

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BANKING, SHIPPING, INSURANCE
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of Bank Officers (C. A. I. B.), Insurance
Managers (A. C. I. I.), Company Secretaries
(F. I. S. A.) and General Commerce
Courses (D. Com. M. C. and L. C. C.) for
which there is an unlimited field and
Specialised Accountancy (G. D. A.) may
wherever desirable be taken as an addi-
tional tacked in course as that profession
is now getting over crowded.

TUTION THROUGH POST-A
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Prospectus giving details.

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Goods, Stillson Pattern Wrenches, Little
Giant system Taps and Dies, Electrical
Cables, and Flexible Wire, Lace and Trim-
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Chemicals. Consulting Work in Engin-
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Dyes and Chemicals undertaken.

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The Root Cause
Of The Malady

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Loss of Strength
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List of Ayurvedic Preparations on
application.

The Bombay Chronicle

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1927.

A GRACEFUL SURRENDER.

There is one feature that has marked the
three days' debate on the Reserve Bank
Bill in the Legislative Assembly and it
is the absence, to judge from the Press re-
ports, of a real examination of the basic
question whether a Reserve Bank is want-
ed at all and whether the machinery of the
Imperial Bank could not be utilised for
the purpose contemplated, Sir

Purshottandas indeed referred to
this question and pointed out
that one main reason why the Opposition
was willing to support the Reserve Bank
was that it aimed at transferring the
control of the entire credit system of the
country from Whitehall to India. The
point, however, is whether the means adop-
ted are calculated to secure this end.
The first essential to this end, of course,
is to ensure a proper Constitution of the
Bank and its sound management. The at-
titude hitherto adopted by the Finance
Member in this matter showed that what he
gave with one hand he wanted to take
away with the other. For, a Shareholders'
Bank on which he insisted, made the trans-
ference of control into Indians' hands from
those of Whitehall a delusion and a
snare. But, realising the strength of pub-
lic opinion, he has made a timely and
graceful surrender. The lessons of the
snap division on the Ratio Bill have evi-
dently been brought home to him and he
has wisely elected not to repeat that dis-
astrous blunder. We congratulate him
on the decision. He has agreed not only
that the Bank should be a State Bank
but that its Directorate should consist of
a majority of elected Indian members.
By his surrender, Sir Basil has made
the Reserve Bank Bill a very popular mea-
sure.

The compromise proposals regard-
ing the composition of the Direc-
torate are in one respect an
improvement on that suggested by the
Select Committee, inasmuch as, as we pointed
out on a previous occasion, the appoint-
ment, by legislative election, of a small
proportion of the Directorate is not either
adequate or even advisable for securing
that degree of responsibility which is in-
dispensable for the satisfactory and syn-
thetic running of the Bank. The most ef-
fective way of securing this responsibility
is to make the salary of the Chief Execu-
tive Officer of the Bank votable by the
Legislature. In the absence of this es-
sential safeguard, the responsibility to
public opinion will be measured by the
proportion between elected and nominated
Directors and not less by the efficiency and
special knowledge and qualification of the
Directors chosen. The Assembly cannot
give too much care and attention to this
two-fold aspect of the question in finally
determining the details of the Constitu-
tion. We are glad in this connection that
it did not endorse Sir Basil Blackett's de-
mand for a self-denying ordinance on the
part of the members of the Legislatures.
For, the suggested ban would, on the one
hand, have unduly restricted the choice of
the electors and on the other created an
unequalled and harmful divorce between
service in the field of high finance and a
career in the Legislature.

The object of the Reserve Bank is
to secure control of the entire credit system
of the country through one centralised in-
stitution. The question naturally arises:
What will be the effect of the Reserve
Bank's working on indigenous banks gene-
rally and on the Imperial Bank particu-
larly? Sir Basil Blackett feels sure that
the Reserve Bank holds out the hope of
enormous expansion for indigenous banks
inasmuch as the concentrated reserves in
the hands of the Reserve Bank will be re-
lent to the latter "to facilitate credit, pre-
vent undue stringency and bring into field
capital that is now lost to India." Sir
Basil's expectation will certainly be realis-
ed if, and this is a most essential provi-
so, the Reserve Bank is operated soundly
and also in accordance with In-
dian public opinion. The Imperial Bank
will be free to do all general business and
so actually will be more prosperous than
it is now, though, in our view, the inter-
ests of indigenous banking will be best
served if the Imperial Bank is absorbed in
and amalgamated with the Reserve Bank.
But, even with a Directorate popularly con-
stituted, the aim of the Reserve Bank
will be frustrated if advantage is not taken
of this opportunity to introduce a real
honest, and automatic gold standard and
gold currency in the country and we cannot
too strongly warn the Assembly against the
facile temptation of sacrificing the vital
interests of the country involved in the
introduction of gold standard and gold
currency on the altar of compromise.

OBSTRUCTIVE TACTICS.

Considering that there is a permanent
bloc of officials and nominated non-officials
in the Council of State ready to do the
Government's bidding and throw out all
popular bills and resolutions, it is a
foregone conclusion that Sir Pheroze
Sethna's resolution urging the Govern-

ment of India to ask the Secretary of
State for India to take prompt action in
pursuance of the recommendations of the
Skeen Committee should be rejected.
But it is some indication of the measure
of popular resentment against the attitude
of the Government of India in this matter
and the obstructive tactics they have em-
ployed in shelving consideration of the
recommendations that Sir Pheroze Sethna
could obtain as many as 17 votes for his
resolution. It is now for Legislative As-
sembly to mark, by its overwhelming sup-
port to Mr. Srinivasa Iyengar's amend-
ment to Dr. Moonje's resolution on the
same subject, its own indignation with the
procrastinating policy of the Government
of India and their thinly veiled hostility
to real Indianisation of the Army. On
the next non-official day, to which the de-
bate in the Legislative Assembly on the
question stands adjourned, popular repre-
sentatives have a splendid opportunity of
exposing the hollowness of the pretence
that the Government of India view with
sympathy the Indian demand that the
children of the soil should be given scope
in a thorough and efficient manner to learn
how to defend their own country.

Sir Pheroze Sethna did well to criticise
the official view that the Skeen Commit-
tee's report must be considered from the
Imperial point of view. This view is an
insult to India. It is the undeniable
right of the Indian people not only to
control the expenditure on the Army but
to see that the Army is a truly national
army. Apart from this fact, the view is
a reflection upon the Committee, insinuat-
ing that its Chairman Sir Andrew Skeen
and his colleagues were blind to any legiti-
mate imperial considerations in making their
recommendations. But the India Office and their
agent here, the Government of India, sit-
uated as they are with a false view of
imperial considerations do not evidently
relish the very moderate recommendations
of the Skeen Committee. They are only
concerned about postponing taking action
upon it and whittling down the recom-
mendations in such a manner that Die-Hard
objection in England will not have the least
objection to the spurious and insulting
system of Indianisation that may after a
considerable amount of hesitation and pro-
crastination be thrown out as a sop to In-
dians. The Government of India began their
attack upon the unanimous report of the
Skeen Committee by adding a foreword to
it when they at last were goaded into pub-
lishing that document and that foreword is
a measure of the antipathy with which
they regard its recommendations. In
England an official of the
India Office, itself, a Colonel in
the Army, went about preaching
the view that the merit of having separate
Indianised Units was that no British boy
would be liable to serve under the command
of an Indian. When this is the spirit of
racial arrogance and hostility with which
the idea of real Indianisation is met, In-
dian legislators cannot blind themselves to
the fact both Whitehall and Simla are at
one in obstructing the demand for
rapid Indianisation. But Whitehall and
Simla must both realise that the greater
their obstructive tactics the larger will be
the volume of that demand and keener the
discontent in India because of the refusal
to meet it.

MENACE OF IMPERIAL PREFERENCE.

If a fresh proof were needed of the dis-
astrous effect of Imperial Preference as
applied to Indian industries, it is provid-
ed by the Reuters' cable from London
which announces how, with the object of
encouraging consumers to buy British ma-
terials, 28 firms of heavy steel manufactu-
res of the United Kingdom are offering rebates
on all purchases provided the buyers give
an undertaking that they will not purchase
material from other than British manufac-
turers in any manner either direct or in-
direct. Now, British manufacturers are
perfectly entitled to take any measures to
protect their common interests. But the
joint action, however legitimate, brings
into relief the precarious nature of the
protection given to India's steel industry
and the danger involved in India's accep-
tance of Imperial Preference in any shape.
As Mr. G. B. Trivedi shows in the inter-
view which we publish elsewhere, the
steps taken by the British manufacturers
will affect adversely the sale of the pro-
ducts of Jamshedpur Works, in Calcutta.
Mr. Trivedi adds: "It is the weakness of
the Tata Iron and Steel Company that
they easily yield to Government and Rail-
way Companies and accept imperfect pro-
tection from one and low prices
for rails from the other." We do not
know what truth there is in Mr. Trivedi's
allegation about the prices accepted by the
Tatas from the Railway Companies, but
we have no doubt that it was wrong tac-
tics to accept any measure of Imperial Pre-
ference. The latest Steel Protection Act
embodied preference to British steel in the
teeth of opposition from the country and
its representatives who denounced it as a
thin end of the wedge. Sheltering under
that preference, British manufacturers have
resorted to a clever device to dump their
goods in India to the detriment of Indian
industry and given us a proof how the thin
edge has begun to work.

THE DUTCH CABINET MINISTERS.

BY C. F. ANDREWS.

Specialy Contributed to "The Chronicle"

The question has often been put to me
whether the judgment that I had given on a
previous visit to South Africa, that it was
a moral conviction on the part of
General Hertzog and Dr. Malan, which pre-
vented them from proceeding with the
Asiatic Bill, remains unshaken. The reply
that I have given has been, that this judg-
ment, previously given, rests now upon a
far stronger moral foundation of fact than
before.

During the ten months that I remained
in South Africa, on this last visit, I had
far better opportunities than before of
judging the characters of these two Dutch
statesmen. Interviews with them both were
frequent. Some were of very long duration.
This was necessitated by the simple
event that after the Round Table Confer-
ence was ended the burden of responsibility
rested very heavily on my shoulders
and I could not share it with anyone else.
As questions arose concerning the Agree-
ment, it was necessary for me again and
again to go to them in order to clear up
some point, or to get a definite understand-
ing. Thus, the personal intercourse with
them was much greater than on any former
occasion. They gave me their implicit con-
fidence, and it was easy for me to obtain
a much more detailed impression of their
characters and dispositions than I had been
able to do before.

INTENSELY RELIGIOUS.

There is one prominent factor, which I
have now learnt through many varied ex-
periences, to expect in the Dutch leaders
in South Africa. Their lives are based on
a religious foundation, and their faith in
God is single-hearted and sincere. It may
be true that their religious conceptions
are often intellectually out-of-date and un-
scientific. The back-veldt Dutch have
been, for the most part, cut off from the
main stream of European thought for many
centuries. The theology of the Sixteenth
and Seventeenth Century in Europe still
appeals to them with living power. But
though the intellectual expression of their
religion may be weak, its spiritual power
had maintained its earlier direct influence
upon life. They live in the daily con-
scious presence of God in a way that has
become difficult for those who have been
caught up in the vortex of the latest mo-
dern western round of existence, and whose

life passes rapidly from one distraction to
another.

It was interesting to find that these two
Dutch statesmen, Dr. Malan and General
Hertzog, were able to discover more
quickly points of spiritual contact with Mr.
Sastri than with any other member of the
Habibullah Deputation. It seems to me
that this was due to Mr. Sastri's essen-
tially religious nature and moral outlook.
From the moment they got over their first
sense of strangeness and shyness the trust
on both sides increased.

THE WELCOME CHANGE.

Mr. Sastri himself had beforehand been
extremely diffident. There had been very
little sympathy between him and General
Smuts in 1921 at the Imperial Conference.
There had not been, at that time in Lon-
don, either the opportunity or the genial
atmosphere that was present at Cape-
town. The Imperial Conference had left
behind it, in Mr. Sastri's mind, something
of an inhibition, which could not be easily
dissipated. He had used hard words
about the 'Boer' at the time of the Kenya
decisions in 1923, and had misinterpreted
the Boer position in South Africa, as if it
were the 'fons et origo mali' on the colour
question.

But for this very reason, just because
there was a shyness at the first, the cor-
diality which followed, when the barrier
on both sides had been broken down, was all
the more whole-hearted and sincere. In-
deed, it soon carried everything before it.
It was not difficult to see this mutual
friendship gradually beginning to spring
up and at last bursting into flowers.

If one thinks of it, this was no ordinary
triumph of sincerity and goodness. It be-
tokened a simplicity of character, on both
sides, which was very far from the diplo-
matic mentality of the ordinary politician.
Personally, it will be difficult for me ever
to forget, or to be tired of repeating, the
words that I heard Dr. Malan utter in the
House of Assembly about Mr. Sastri. "I
have never," he said with deep emotion,
"in all my life, met a more honest and
honourable man than Mr. Sastri."

It seemed to me, as I heard those words,
that they summed up in a single phrase the
change which has taken place owing to the
Settlement. Instead of a basis of mutual
suspicion and hostility we have now a
foundation of mutual respect, goodwill and
trust.

DR. ANSARI'S STATEMENT.

A SWARAJIST VIEW.

BY THE HON. MR. RAMDAS PANTALU.

Dr. Ansari has, in my opinion, created
a healthy precedent which presidents-elect
of future Congresses may well follow. His
method of examining the situation which
he is called upon to handle, in a spirit of
absolute detachment and thorough impar-
tiality, is refreshingly commendable. But in-
stead of his courageous and statesman-
like pronouncement, some of his critics
failed to pay him the compliment of dis-
charging a similar method in the discharge
of their task. The no-changer sees in
the subject surrender to the pro-changer. The
Swarajist (old style) sees in it complete
co-operation with the Government. The
Responsivist (new style) sees in it a strange
admixture of faith and programmes and
consequent absence of clarity. These opi-
nions seem to me to be one sided, as the
several critics see the position from their
individual standpoint and fail to take a
comprehensive survey of the entire situa-
tion in all its aspects as Dr. Ansari does.
The main purpose of the Doctor is evi-
dently two-fold; firstly to show a way out
of the impasse in the political situation,
created by the present policy and pro-
gramme of the Congress, and secondly to for-
mulate an immediate and practical pro-
gramme of work for Congressmen to pursue.
He achieves his two fold object in a
remarkable manner by providing for an
all round course of national activity,
within the ambit of the Congress, by open-
ing the doors of that great national insti-
tution more widely to let in many who are
now holding aloof and whose accession to
Congress ranks will be a source of un-
doubted strength to the national cause. He
advocates a vigorous programme of con-
structive work outside the Councils, special-
ly in the solution of inter-communal pro-
blems, for the simple reason that inter-
communal harmony is a condition prece-
dent to any further national advancement.
He also gives a workable constructive pro-
gramme of united action within the Coun-
cils by consolidating the popular forces in
to a combined opposition to the Bureaucra-
tic forces.

ILLOGICAL MANDATE.

I am unable to discover anywhere in
his lucid statement a plea for abandoning
the spirit of resistance or self-reliance or
for the adoption of a mendicant policy in
suppression of the ideals of honourable
and responsive co-operation associated with
the names of late Desabandhu or Lokha-
charya. Dr. Ansari merely pleads for a
revision of the Council programme of the
Congress in the light of our past experi-
ence of its unworkable character. It is
not easy to displace this logic when he de-
monstrates the futility of Congressmen

entering the Councils and indulging in
ineffective and barren opposition and
crippling their own usefulness for any good
by leaving all such power as the constitu-
tion gives in the hands of their oppo-
nents. No one who is not obsessed by
false notions of prestige can uphold for a
minute a mandate which requires Congress-
men to capture all local and municipal
bodies while turning out of office the Local
Self-Government Minister, a mandate which
asks Congressmen to support the nation
building activities of the Council while
turning out of office the Minister in charge
of the development departments, and a
mandate which imposes on Congressmen a
perpetual obligation to engage themselves
in internecine Civil War with other elected
groups in the Council—some of which may
be composed of different varieties of
Congressmen themselves—whenever any
such group accepts Ministerships. The
subterfuges which Congressmen were made
to adopt and the straits to which they were
driven in the name of the Congress man-
date are well illustrated by the alliances into
which the Bengal and Madras Swarajists
were forced to enter with Sir Abdur Rahim
and Rajah of Panagall respectively. Na-
tional activities outside the Councils also
stand paralysed to-day and Congress lead-
ers are unable to prepare the masses for a
struggle for Swaraj. The causes for
this are also to be traced to the disintegrat-
ing tendencies of the present Congress
mandates, under which they are compelled
to work to-day. Can the President of the
next Congress, whoever he may be, honestly
set about his work, while this state of
affairs is perpetuated? Dr. Ansari can-
not say "no" and many true lovers of
India believe he is right.

ACCEPT DR. ANSARI'S LEAD.

The nation will commit an irrevocable
blunder if it should throw away Dr.
Ansari's lead at this juncture. The Delhi
proposals, the resolutions of the All Par-
ties Conference and the Bombay decisions
of the last session of the All-India Con-
gress Committee, on the inter-commun-
questions, undoubtedly lay down principles
which if worked out in practice may hasten
Hindu-Muslim unity. But they remain a
dead letter, for opportunities for follow-
ing them up by action are at present abso-
lutely wanting, because the Hindus and
Muslims are unable to meet in a common
national organisation and propagate those
principles from a common national plat-
form. Dr. Ansari's elevation to the presi-
dential chair of the next Congress will
alone secure such opportunities. Shall we
throw them away? No, for they are a
Continued on page 10.)

Notes of the Day

Unfair.

The Governor of Kenya announced at the
meeting of the Legislative Council of the
Colony that the Secretary of State had ap-
proved of the Feetham Commission's re-
port on local government. The Kenya
Administration, he said, would give effect
to its provisions immediately so far as
Nairobi was concerned and the whole re-
port would be enforced in due course. The
White settlers in Kenya have thus scored
a preliminary victory over the Indians.
The latter, although they number six times
more than the White population, are
deprived of their old representation on the
local bodies in Kenya under the Feetham
Report. That representation was hardly
adequate to their population strength and
they are now to suffer the added insult of
finding it reduced further. If this is a
foretaste of what is to happen to them in
their fight for adequate representation in
the Legislative Council of the Colony under
the proposed scheme of Federation of East
African Territories, it is no wonder that
they look upon the appointment of the
Royal Commission which will investigate
the question of establishing such a Federa-
tion with the greatest apprehension and
demand that they should be proportionately
represented on it. The Government of
India should have protested against the
Feetham Report. They owe it to the pub-
lic to declare what steps they took on be-
half of the Indians in Kenya in regard to
their equitable representation on local
bodies in the Colony.

His Ancestors.

Poor Mr. Scopes, the American school-
master who had to suffer the agony of
a public trial because the Fundamentalists
disliked his teaching Darwinism to his
pupils, should feel some consolation at the
fact that the President of the British As-
sociation at its meeting at Leeds has vindicated
the contention of biologists that man has arisen from the an-
thropoid ape. "I am convinced,"
Sir Arthur Keith declared in his
presidential address, "that Darwin can
never be shaken." He pointed out how
all evidence gathered by anatomists, em-
bryologists, physiologists and psychologists
supported the conviction "that man's brain
was evolved from the brain of the anthro-
poid ape and that in the process no new
structure had been added." If the Funda-
mentalists and other doctrinaires can
take a hint from this remarkable challenge
of the scientists that Darwin's theory can-
not be shaken and desist from the cry
that religion is in danger if it is accepted,
they will be making for better harmony in
this world.

Mahatma's Autobiography.

We acknowledge with thanks the re-
ceipt of Vol. I. of Mahatma Gandhi's
"Story of My Experiments with Truth"
from the Navajivan Press, Ahmedabad.
The book is a reprint of the articles that
have previously appeared in "Young India"
and brings up to the "Story" to Mahatma-
ji's second departure to South Africa. It
is sure to be hailed by thousands all over
the English-speaking world. The reason
is obvious. The book is part of the
literature of the world as revealing the
unfolding of the soul of one of the great-
est of men ever born. Many who read the
articles in "Young India" would love to
read them in book form. The present
volume consists of about 600 pages, is
excellently printed and got up, and is
bound in beautiful olive-coloured khad-
dar. It is priced Rs. 5/8, but considering
the value of the contents of the book
and its splendid get up the price is no-
thing. No English knowing Indian can
afford to tarry long without buying a copy
which he can call his own. It is no spe-
culation to say that the first edition will
run out of stock in a few days. We
shall shortly review the book at greater
length.

Remove the Statue.

Opinions may differ as to whether the
present is the fittest time to offer Satya-
graha for the removal of the Neill statue
at Madras. But few can fail to feel
sympathy and admiration for the two
young men who courted and accepted with-
out any self-defence imprisonment for
attempting to destroy the statue. We
share Mahatma Gandhi's opinion that the
statue is an "insolent reminder" of Bri-
tain's might and our subjection. It is
specifically a reminder of the atrocities
committed by General Neill during the
Mutiny. It was this very man who, ac-
cording to Kage, had passed the following
instructions to Major Reinoud: "The town
of Fatehpore which had revolted was to
be attacked and the Pathan quarters de-
stroyed with all their inhabitants. All
heads of insurgents, particularly at Fate-
hpore, to be hanged." If the Deputy
Collector is taken, hang him and have
his head cut off and stuck up on one of
the principal (Mahomedan) buildings of
the town." Sir George Campbell wrote of
General Neill: "Neill did things almost
more than the massacre, putting to death
with deliberate torture, in a way that has
never been proved against the natives." The
Madras Government or the Municipal-
ity, whoever has the authority, will do
well to remove peacefully the offensive
statue.

LEGISLATORS AND DIRECTORATE. RATE.

GOVERNMENT DEFEAT IN THE ASSEMBLY.

BANK GOVERNORS AND INDIANISATION.

2 SEATS ON DIRECTORATE FOR MUSLIMS.

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

SIMLA, September 1.

Compromises are hard to implement and therefore both Government and the Opposition in the Assembly were engaged in a tussle over how best to implement the compromise over the Reserve Bank Bill. The Government having conceded to the members of the Central or Provincial Legislatures the right of being in the Provincial constituencies, went against the spirit of that compromise and attempted hard to deprive them of coming into the Directorate even by this backdoor of electoral colleges from the provinces. It was all due to the fear which Government entertain as to what these much condemned politicians might do on the Boards. Sir Basil Blackett, therefore, himself moved in the Assembly, to-day, that the members of the Central and Provincial Legislatures should be statutorily prevented from becoming members on the Directorate. The only reason which the Finance Member could advance was that the Currency Commission had ruled out these politicians and so let there be none. But, fortunately, the Opposition grew much stronger than was expected and even a few European members were favourably inclined to the view, ably put forward from the Congress and Nationalist Party Benches that such a restriction would unduly fetter the choice of the constituencies who had a right to send in the best men to efficiently run the Bank. Mr. Ranganathan Iyengar and Mr. Jayakar considered it a slur on the members of the Central and Provincial Legislatures that they

the Council of State was foolish enough to countenance this ban, the Assembly would stick to its gun even at the risk of losing the measure.

GOVERNORSHIP OF THE BANK.

The next debate arose over provision that a person shall not be a director who is not or has not at some time been actively engaged in agriculture, commerce, finance or industry. Mr. Kelkar supported by a large number of members on the Opposition side attempted to delete this provision which again unduly restricted the choice of directors by constituencies. But Mr. Kelkar's amendment of the case was not very impressive and moreover several non-officials abstained from voting on his side. The result was that this time the Government won by 50 against 71 and the clause was retained.

But the greatest fight of the day was on the question of making a statutory provision that one of the Governor and Deputy Governor should be an Indian. Government were up against this provision, insisted on by the non-officials. Sir Basil Blackett saw no need of putting on Statute Book, but Mr. Srinivasa Iyengar who led the Opposition in a striking speech argued that when the promise of Sir Charles Innes that an Indian would be appointed on the Railway Board, was not given effect to and a young European named Mr. Crosthwaite was brought from the smallest Railway (Burma Railway) in clear violation of the undertaking given there was surely a need for statutory provision. Mr. Cocke who was evidently in the confidence of the Government moved an amendment that there should be two Deputy Governors. By this he implied that one of them would be an Indian at once. Sir Basil withdrew his own amendment and accepted Mr. Cocke's believing that non-officials would thereby be won over. But Mr. Chetty and Mr. Jannadas Mehta were alert on this side. They urged that it must be provided that one of the Deputy Governors should be an Indian. Sir Basil gave an undertaking that one would be an Indian. Now Mr. Munshi Iwar Saran broke his long silence and warned the Assembly not to be hoodwinked by Sir Basil with the sad experience of the Assembly in regard to the Indianisation of the Railway Board and the Indianisation of the Army and considering also the manner in which I.M.S. Selection Board had dismissed those with Indian Medical qualification, it would be the betrayal of Indian interests to accept the mere undertaking of Sir Basil. It must on the statute book whether Government like it or not.

The Finance Member gauged the feeling of the House and gave an assurance that he had been authorised to announce that one of the first three executive officers would be an Indian.

"But what after that?" queried a suspicious House.

The Finance Member explained that the future choice would be dependent on the recommendations of the board, which would be predominantly Indian. As the atmosphere was getting with suspicion the Finance Member addressed the Assembly once more with the special permission of the President. He now praised Mr. Jinnah for his statesmanship in arranging the Conference at Viceregal Lodge. He addressed Pundit Malaviya as "Punditji" and tried to get on to soft the side of Mr. Srinivasa Iyengar by appealing to him not to wreck the Bill after having taken a leading part in the compromise. Mr. Jinnah was prepared to accept the "undertaking" but others would not. It appeared that Mr. Jinnah's independents might vote on the side of the Government but the President very discreetly adjourned the Assembly till to-morrow. Lobby conversations were soon in full swing and no compromise on this particular point was reached till the time of wiring but the Congress Party and Mr. Jinnah's party in conjunction with Government have slightly altered the composition of both the elective and nominated seats been raised by two respectively and it was agreed that out of eight elective seats two should be earmarked for Mussalmans. The bill therefore promises to reach the statute book without much difficulty.—Free Press.

In the Assembly, to-day, the Government amendment making the members of the Central and Local Legislatures ineligible for the directorship of the Reserve Bank was rejected by 70 votes to 51.—A.P.

The Legislative Assembly continued, to-day, detailed consideration of the various

(Continued on page 8.)

INDIANS: THE BUG-BEAR

NEW LEGISLATION IN NAIROBI

FEETHAM COMMISSION'S REPORT APPROVED

NAIROBI, Aug. 31.

The Governor Sir Edward Grigg who has just returned to the colony from Britain opened the legislature yesterday. In the course of a very lengthy address he outlined the various questions dealt with at the Colonial Office and the Colonial Conference, and also gave details of his visit to South Africa and Rhodesia where he said he had gained valuable information concerning the methods adopted in those countries in dealing with problems similar to those facing Kenya. Sir Edward Grigg announced that Kenya would not participate in the ten million sterling Eastern African Loan, but would raise a loan on her own account.

The Feetham Commission's report on the local Government had been approved by the Secretary of State, and as far as Nairobi was concerned legislation would be introduced to give effect to the proposals immediately, while the whole report would be enforced in due course. The native reserves' boundaries would be secured for all time for the benefit of the tribes, and the land in the reserves would never be expropriated. The Government were carrying out a scheme for closer settlement in conjunction with the department of overseas settlement.

Sir Edward Grigg foreshadowed some change in the constitution of the legislature giving an elected majority; but special powers would be needed to prevent deadlocks.

"King's Government", he said, "must be carried on." It might be necessary to alter the basis of election to communal, rather than constituencies. He appealed to all sections of the community to co-operate in securing the peaceful progress of the country.

As a result of Sir Edward Grigg's announcement of the approval of the Feetham Report which reduces the proportion of the Indian representation on institutions of the local Government, the Indian members of the Nairobi Municipality did not attend the meeting of the Corporation yesterday in protest.—Reuter.

NEIL STATUE SATYAGRAHA

ACCUSED'S STATEMENT IN COURT

MADRAS, September 1.

The trial took place to-day of Ganapati Aiyer of the Tamil Nadu Volunteer Corps in the Egmore Police Court. He has been charged by the police under Section 75 of the City Police Act for having behaved in a disorderly manner opposite the Neil statue on Mount Road on the 27th instant. In the statement to the Court, the accused said that he has been charged under a wrong Section. He went there with only the object of defacing the statue and prayed to the Court that he should be tried on the charge of attempting to deface the Neil statue.

The Magistrate disallowed the request and sentenced him to 15 days' simple imprisonment. He was also ordered to execute a bond for Rs. 100 with a surety for like amount for keeping the peace for one year.

Srinivasa Bharathy and Ratnasabhapathy, who were also charged under the same Section, were sentenced to 15 days' imprisonment and Rs. 50 fine, in default one week's additional imprisonment. They were also ordered to execute a bond for Rs. 100.—Free Press.

DETENU'S GRIEVANCES

KALIPRASAD GIVES UP HUNGER STRIKE.

CALCUTTA, September 1.

Kaliprasad Banerjee, a State prisoner, now detained at Rampal, who went on hunger strike has broken the fast on an assurance being given him that his grievances will be removed by the District Magistrate. Mr. Banerjee had fasted for eight days.—Free Press.

SURTAX ON TONNAGE DUES RESCINDED

LONDON, August 31.

Shanghai.—It is officially announced that a surtax of fifty per cent on tonnage dues which was imposed at Nanking last July has been rescinded.—Reuter.

OFFICIAL AND PERSONAL.

H. E. Sir Stanley Jackson opened the Technical School at Kanherapara (E. B. Riv.) this afternoon and subsequently left for Darjeeling accompanied by Lady Jackson.—A.P.

"FIRING QUITE JUSTIFIED."

SURAT RIOTS CASE

17 ACCUSED SENTENCED.

SURAT, September 1.

In Surat Riots Case, in which 33 Mahomedans were charged with creating disturbance on Shivaji Tercentenary Day, Mr. C. M. Milford, Special Magistrate, delivered judgment to-day, convicting 17 of them, and sentencing them to six months' rigorous imprisonment and acquitting the rest. As soon as the judgment was delivered, accused No. 1 exclaimed, he would not mind even capital punishment for the sake of religion, while accused No. 3 wept bitterly.

The Magistrate held that the Hindu procession was peaceful and lawful and the accused took the law into their own hands and created disturbance. His Worship also found that firing was quite justified and was carried out with great restraint.

The accused will appeal to the District and Sessions Judge in the course of the day.—A. P.

HEAVY RAINFALL IN LEMBURG.

RIVERS OVERFLOWING BANKS

LONDON, September 1.

Warsaw.—Cloudburst and heavy rainfall have resulted in Dniester and other rivers near Lemburg overflowing, causing tremendous damage. Hitherto, there have been 26 fatalities. Many houses and bridges have been destroyed and crops swept away. Town of Styry has been inundated and oil-fields near Drohobycz and Boryslaw have been isolated, rendering engineers idle. Troops of Red Cross workers have proceeded to the scene of the catastrophe.—Reuter.

PIRATES WALK OFF WITH BOOTY.

CHINESE STEAMER HELD UP.

LONDON, September 1.

Hongkong.—Indo-China Steam Navigation Company's steamer "Yat-shing" proceeding from Swatow to Shanghai which has arrived here reported that she was seized yesterday by Pirates who made off to Bias Bay with the loot valued at ten thousand dollars and seven Chinese passengers as hostages.—Reuter.

TOWARDS MECHANISATION HORSE BRIGADE CONVERTED INTO TRACTORS

LONDON, Sept. 1.

"Daily Telegraph's" military correspondent understands that as a result of the discussions between the military authorities at Home and in India, twenty-second Field Brigade R. A. will be converted from horses to tractors as a small initial step toward mechanisation.—Reuter.

AMERICAN AIRMEN DELAYED FOR A DAY

LONDON, Aug. 31.

Constantinople.—The American airmen Brock and Schlee are using a day on the schedule owing to the authorities forbidding immediate resumption of flight pending the completion of formalities. The airmen hope to resume their flight to-morrow.—Reuter.

BUY ONLY BRITISH STEEL

MANUFACTURERS OFFER HIGH REBATE

BRITISH PREFERENCE CAMPAIGN IN FULL SWING

LONDON, Sept. 1.

With the object of encouraging the consumers to purchase British material, 25 firms of heavy steel manufacturers of the United Kingdom are offering a rebate from 2nd September of seven shillings sixpence on joists, and five shillings ten on all other defined materials, provided the buyers give an undertaking not directly or indirectly to purchase material from other than the United Kingdom makers.—Reuter.

AIMED AT THE TATAS

MR. TRIVEDI INTERVIEWED

Interviewed by a representative of the "Bombay Chronicle" on the British Steel rebate, Mr. G. B. Trivedi said:—

I have seen the Reuter's cable announcing a rebate of shilling seven-six per ton on British Steel Joists by the British Manufacturers. This will affect adversely the sale of tested Joists by the Tata Iron and Steel Co., to Railways, Engineering firms, specially in Calcutta where the Tatas sell these at Rs. 134 whereas the British price is 124 ex docks. Naturally all Calcutta orders for tested Joists go to Tata, and hence this rebate is offered by British manufacturers.

This action justifies my contention before the Tariff Board ever since its first inquiry, that Tatas want real protection against the British Steel. If they would get British prices from the Railways and Engineering firms for their tested material, Tatas will have very little to sell to the bazaar dealers who offer only Continental prices. It is the weakness of the Tata Iron and Steel Co. that they easily

yield to Government and Railway Companies and accept imperfect method of protection from one and low prices for rails from another offered under threat. Protection by a mixed method of duties and bounties as advocated by Mr. Jannadas Mehta in the Assembly being in the best interests of the Company and the consumers, should have been supported by the Company and Mr. Jinnah. Let the Company now make a representation to the Government to abolish the British Preference, otherwise they will feel very severely the British competition.

TATA PRODUCTS NOT AFFECTED.

LOCAL EXPERTS' VIEW.

In connection with the offer of rebate by manufacturers of heavy steel, a representative of "The Chronicle" was informed by a local expert that this will not affect the Tata Iron and Steel Co. Ltd. materially as their products in the qualities of steel on which rebate is offered are very small. The move of British steel manufacturers seems to be entirely against the purchase of Continental products by British manufacturers for locomotives, bridges and building purposes. The direct effect of this offer will be lowering the prices of the Continental steel and its aim is to dump British manufactured goods in India. Our tariff, according to the expert interviewed, gives necessary protection against Continental imports and it will not come in the way of Indian iron industry.

FUTURE OF S. A. INDIANS.

MR. ANDREWS OPTIMISTIC

MADRAS, September 1.

In his to-day's speech at the Gokhale Hall, Mr. C. F. Andrews continued the story of Indians in South Africa. Mr. S. Satyamurti presided.

Mr. Andrews, in the course of his speech lasting for about 40 minutes, explained that the new Agreement had worked over there, across the Indian Ocean. A miracle had happened and the impediments which he had formerly thought, would take fifty years to remove, had vanished in no time. Times were peculiarly favourable and South Africa felt the new dignity when her greatest ambassador came, not from England, not from France, but from India.

Proceeding, Mr. Andrews said that he had faith in higher life and he looked to Indian industry, Indian grit, and Indian character to complete the work already begun. Mr. Andrews concluded his speech by paying a tribute to Sir Mahomed Habibullah and the Government of India for their labour in the cause of Indians in South Africa.—Free Press.

"GOLDEN BOOK OF FRANCE"

PRESENTED TO SIR A. CHAMBERLAIN

LONDON, Sept. 1.

Paris.—The so-called "Golden Book of France" which is a voluminous synthesis

of France past and present destined for the British Museum was formally presented to Sir Austen Chamberlain who is on his way to Geneva at a ceremonious function. The French eminent men paid a glowing tribute to the "entente cordiale." Sir Austen Chamberlain responded de-

NEIL STATUE SATYA- GRAHA.

WOMAN VOLUNTEER ARRESTED.

MADRAS, September 1.

Angachi Ammal of Salem, aged about 40 years, was arrested this evening by the police for attempting to deface the Neil statue at Mount Road, Madras. This is the first time that a lady has joined in the attempt. Lokanathan another volunteer, was arrested along with her. The volunteers arrested will be charged with riotous and disorderly behaviour.—Free Press.

declaring his affection for France and his conviction of the necessity of the Franco-British Union for world peace. Sir Austen Chamberlain has left for Geneva for the meeting of the League Council.—Reuter's Special.

INDIA'S FINEST CEMENT

C. P. CEMENT

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POT CALLING KETTLE BLACK

REMINDER TO PILCHERS AND MAYOS

PROTEST AGAINST MALICIOUS VITUPERATION

MONGHYR, Aug. 31.

Khan Bahadur S. M. Yehya, Bar-at-Law, M.L.C., Behar and Orissa Council, President of Monghyr Anjuman Homayat Islam, ex-Fellow, Patna University, Hon. Secretary, Monghyr Landholders' Association, in an interview said—

"No doubt we require further social reforms, but as far as the average weight of babies at birth and high percentage of infant mortality in India are concerned, the reasons are the utter poverty and starvation of the people which are certainly problems for British Government to solve and do not reflect on British rule in India."

"Mr. Pilcher's remarks about Indian widows are nothing but deliberate falsehood and scurrilous attack which are being heaped of late on Indians just to discredit them in the eyes of other nations, especially after the announcement of the Statutory Commission on Indian Reforms."

THE MOTE AND THE BEAM.

"Before slinging mud at others Mr. Pilcher ought to devote his energies to reform the evils which unfortunately are so common in his own country. He does not seem to know how many illegitimate children are born in his own country and also forgets the percentage of women of his country who live on prostitution. It is bad taste to abuse others forgetting

ALLEGATIONS AGAINST INDIAN WOMANHOOD

ALL-PARTY MEETING IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Sept. 1.

To repudiate the scurrilous and malicious allegations against Indian womanhood by Miss Mayo and Pilcher, an all-party public meeting will be held on Sunday at the Town Hall. The Mayor of Calcutta will preside.—Free Press.

the defects of the people of his own country."

Babu Hinchandra Bose, M.A.B.L., M.R.A.S., Advocate, Monghyr, and Hon. Secretary of the Bengalee Settlers' Association, said—

"It fails my comprehension, how an educated English gentleman, of the position of Mr. Pilcher, could make such libellous remarks on Indian womanhood. Mr. Pilcher, if I mistake not, as a member of the 'Statesman', lived in India for some time and this scurrilous remark shows most prominently how Englishmen, even when they live in India fail to dive deep below the upper stratum of Indian Society and appreciate the spiritual aspect of Indian life."

"True the sacredness of Hindu widowhood, consequent upon the special conception of the marital relationship based upon a firm belief of a life after death, is beyond the conception of the westerners whose philosophy of religion are diametrically different from ours, but that does not justify the vilification of a nation's widowhood. Ignorance is certainly no justification for a malicious vituperation. I hope Mr. Pilcher as a gentleman will withdraw his remarks."—Free Press.

INCIDENT AT TEA ESTATE.

ALLEGED ASSAULT ON EUROPEAN.

DARJEELING, Aug. 31.

The "coolies" of Birpara Tea Estate having refused to do certain work Mr. Woodcock, Assistant Manager went out to persuade them to finish the work. In the altercation that followed Mr. Woodcock is reported to have been severely assaulted by the coolies. Mr. Woodcock has been brought to Darjeeling for treatment.—A.P.

FIRST WOMAN WHO 'DID' THE ATLANTIC

PRINCESS LOWENS TEIN-WERTHEIM REACHES UPAVAN

LONDON, Aug. 31.

Princess Lowenstein-Wertheim who is the first woman to participate in the Atlantic flight arrived at the Upanav aerodrome at dawn in a motor car accompanied by the Roman Catholic Archbishop of Cardiff and two priests who blessed the aeroplane before start and also blessed the Princess. The machine carries 800 gallons of petrol, two-days' food supplies and emergency rations.—Reuter.

LEGISLATORS AND DIRECTORATE.

(Continued from page 7.)
clauses of the Reserve Bank Bill. The galleries were again crowded. The general feeling was in favour of adopting the fundamental changes without going to a division.

At the question time Sir George Rainy replying to Mr. K. C. Neogy regarding the Indian House said that the London County Council required that the exterior should be in harmony with the neighbouring buildings and apart from small decorative features it would not be possible to make a representative of any Indian style. The architect, however, was endeavouring to give the interior a marked Indian character. It was also proposed to decorate the main hall with frescoes painted by Indian artists and if funds permitted the dome also and the ceilings of important rooms. Indian timber would be used as far as possible for panelling the flooring and furniture. Indian marble would also be used and would be worked in India before shipment to England. During the past few months the High Commissioner and the architect had been assisted by an Advisory Committee of members of the Indian Legislature in England, and he understood that this Committee had examined and adopted and approved all plans and had given much valuable advice.—A. P.

BAN ON INDIAN DEGREES?

MR. YOUNG HECKLED.

(From Our Special Representative.)

SIMLA, August 1.

In the Assembly to-day, Mr. Macdonald Young was considerably heckled regarding the selection made last month for permanent commissions in the Indian Medical Service. Mr. Gaya Prasad Singh was told that papers of fifty candidates were considered. Forty of these candidates appeared in person before the Board. Remaining fourteen were either out of India or could not come to Simla for some other reason but their papers were duly considered. Of 40 who came to Simla, 21 already held temporary commissions, and three were Military Assistant Surgeons. Of the 34 candidates who were not recommended by the Board, 25 possessed professional qualifications, obtained in the United Kingdom; 15 out of 34 rejected candidates are still holding temporary commissions in the Indian Medical Service; 6 possessed only medical qualifications obtained in India. These officers would continue to be employed on terms they had already accepted. No instructions had been drawn up either by the Government of India or by the Secretary of State for guidance of the Selection Board. No applicant was selected who possessed only Indian medical qualifications. But of the 20 whose names were being recommended for permanent commissions, 12 possessed Indian medical qualifications, in addition to professional qualifications obtained elsewhere. 6 applicants with Indian qualifications only were asked to attend the test in Simla because of their records and good reports, they had received whilst holding temporary commissions in the I.M.S.

Lt.-Col. Gidney asked if it was the studied policy of the Government as represented by the Selection Committee that no one with Indian qualifications would be admitted into the I.M.S.

Mr. Young: "I am not aware of any studied policy of the Government which is carried out by the Selection Board as its representative."

Mr. Neogy: "I want to know whether applicants of all temporary officers were submitted to the Selection Board or only a few selected men were called up, in interview and whether there had been preliminary weeding out in the office of the Director-General, I.M.S."

Mr. Young: I ask for notice.
Mr. Neogy: Is it not a fact that of temporary officers turned out after several years of experience, there were about half a dozen who held the position of Officer Commanding and were in charge of station hospitals?

Mr. Young: I want notice.
Mr. B. Das: Are Indian University Medical degrees not qualifying degrees for the I.M.S.?

Mr. Young: That is not the case.
Mr. Joshi: Can Government explain the wonderful phenomenon of exclusion of those candidates who possessed only Indian qualifications?

Mr. Young: Government do not consider it a very wonderful phenomenon.

SIR BASIL'S REPLY

The Finance Member rose amidst cheers to reply to the debate which had lasted for two days and a half. He said he could congratulate the house on the high level of the debate. At the outset he would briefly mention the Conference at Vicenza Lodge. He pointed out that the constitutional position of the Governor-General of India was different from that of a monarch. But even the King of England did not hesitate from taking steps to call party leaders together and try and exert his good offices when in his opinion an emergency situation had arisen and it was desirable in national interests to intervene in the interests of understanding and peace. But in India the Governor-General by

virtue of his office was the head of every Department of State and it was within his right and competence to assume charge of any important question which, in his opinion, demanded his personal attention. The Finance Member hoped that the House would agree with him when he said they all hoped that should an analogous situation arise and demand analogous action the good precedent set by H. E. Viceroy would be followed. (cheers).

Coming to the discussion, Sir Basil complained what he had used as an architectural metaphor had been greatly misused as parental. He was too modest to claim the entire authorship of the Reserve Bank Scheme.

Continuing, Sir Basil said that after having listened to the debate in the House on the question of the constitution of the Bank, he was still unconvinced that the Shareholders' Bank scheme was not the best scheme. But out of deference to the feelings of the House and without surrendering his conviction of that of this Government, he was glad to be able to announce that Government were agreeable to accept the State Bank Scheme. (cheers). It was a large concession which Government was making the hope that in the spirit in which they were meeting the Opposition they would meet reciprocally on the question of Directorate. Government's objection to the right of the Legislature to elect Directors or to qualify legislators as Directors was not due to any mistrust of the legislators but to the consciousness that the Legislature elected for political and administrative purposes, would be stepping beyond its legitimate scope of activities, if it were allowed to appoint Directors, thus usurping the functions of the Executive Government. Government were honestly of opinion that the election of Director by Legislatures would be beyond their scope and would not be conducive to the well-being of the Bank.

OPEN MIND OF GOVT

But Government had an open mind on the question of the alternative scheme. He was free to state that, while retaining an open mind on details, Government and he were practically willing to accept the alternative scheme proposed by the Congress President. He knew there were some who considered it unworkable. He personally thought that the scheme was not workable and it was up to the Government to make it workable. He had still an open mind, but of the all the schemes placed before him, he thought this was the most satisfactory.

The Finance Member said: I hope I shall not be charged with doing any injury to the leader of the Congress Party if at this stage I take the opportunity of thanking him for the valuable co-operation and services he has rendered to the House and the Government in promoting an understanding over this Bill (cheers and laughter).

Continuing, Sir Basil Blackett said on the principle that the Directors shall consist of majority of elected Indian members the Government were in agreement with the opposition (cheers).

Sir Basil Blackett then referred to the understanding he was understood to have given to the Select Committee over the sale of silver. He said he gave no such undertaking. All that he did was to explain that silver was held in three forms. It was inconvertible that the Government could give an undertaking or announce previously their policy on a question of this kind.

He next referred to the charge made by Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas in the morning about the deplorable effects of the maintenance of the rate as adopted by the Legislature in March last. He said calamities had been predicted and he was free to maintain that only gloomy forecasts had gratified themselves on the case and gratulations failed to materialise, but the Government had reason to congratulate themselves on the ease and serenity with which stability of the rupee had been obtained. He quoted from the "Statesman" to show that the Government's action was always misrepresented as Sir Purshotamdas had relied upon that paper for his charge in the morning.

Sir Purshotamdas: It is evident that the sufferings India has been put to that the rupee may be maintained is not sufficient for the Finance Member. India will have to suffer for the Finance Member to learn.

SIR BASIL'S DENIAL

The Finance Member denied that India had suffered.
Sir Purshotamdas: I do not want any gloomy forecasts to become true. I should only be glad if they prove mistaken. But we have to look facts and not what imagination paints of the future.

Sir Basil Blackett: I am asking you to look at facts.

Sir Purshotamdas: They are eloquent.
In conclusion, Sir Basil Blackett hoped the conciliatory attitude of the Government would be justified by results.

The President then put clauses of the Bill for consideration of the House. Clauses one and two relating to the preamble and definitions were left for consideration at a later stage. The clause three providing for the establishment of the Reserve Bank was adopted without discussion.

In regard to clause four which provided for capital of five crores to be subscribed by the Governor-General-in-Council, Mr. Pandya moved for its deletion on the ground that it was unnecessary.

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya suggested debentures and took the opportunity to congratulate the Finance Member on his announcement.

Mr. V. K. Iyengar, Under Secretary to

the Finance Department urged that capital was necessary for preliminary expenses.

Mr. Pandya's amendment was lost.

Mr. Jannadas Mehta moved for the deletion of a clause which provided that the Directors may call capital to the extent that was required from time to time.

The Finance Member pointed out that this power was inherent in the Directors. The amendment was lost.

Mr. Pandya moved that the capital may not be increased without the consent of the Legislature instead of the consent of the Governor-General-in-Council. The amendment was lost.

In clause five which provides for offices of the Bank at Bombay, Calcutta, Madras and Rangoon, the House accepted an amendment of the Finance Member to substitute the term branch offices wherever the word branch occurred.

AMENDMENT LOST.

Mr. Seshu Iyengar moved for the deletion of the word with previous sanction of the Governor-General-in-Council elsewhere on the ground that branches may be opened anywhere in the country.

Mr. Iyengar, Financial Under-Secretary, pointed out it was a provision common to many central banks. The amendment was lost.

The Finance Member next moved an amendment for the deletion of Rangoon. He said Mr. Lamb from Burma had given notice of that amendment and he proved it in his absence. He understood from Mr. Lamb that the commercial community of Burma did not want it.

Mr. Tokkyi opposed the amendment and challenged the statement that Burma did not want it.

Sir Basil Blackett then withdrew the amendment.

Mr. Pandya moved that branches may be opened at Lahore, Cawnpore and Kanachi on the ground that the Imperial Bank would not be satisfactory substitute.

The Finance Member opposed the motion on the ground that it would saddle the Reserve Bank with needless expenditure; to do functions which would be efficiently performed by the Imperial Bank at less cost. The amendment was lost.

Haji Abdullah Haroon moved for the inclusion of Karachi. It was lost.

Clause five was passed without discussion. Clause six providing for the management of the Bank was taken into consideration.

Mr. Pandya moved an amendment which substituted words "management and control", etc.

The Finance Member said it was a question of draft and he relied on the Government draft. The amendment was lost. And clause six was passed.

The House then adjourned till tomorrow.—Free Press

DEBATE ON RESERVE BANK BILL

SIMLA, Sept. 1.

After question hour Sir Hari Singh Gour presented the report of the Select Committee on the Bill to consolidate forest laws.

The Assembly resumed consideration of the Reserve Bank Bill.

In clause six, prescribing disqualifications for directorship of the Reserve Bank, Sir Basil Blackett moved an amendment to provide that no person who is a member of the central or provincial legislatures shall be qualified to be director.

Sir Basil said that this was a self-denying ordinance which he appealed to the House to impose on itself in the best interests of the Reserve Bank. No reflection was meant on the members of the legislatures. Nor did he deny that there must be a large body of men amongst the members of the legislatures who were best qualified to be directors, but they should choose between active service in the legislatures and service on the Board of the Reserve Bank. Politics and business are two distinct spheres which must be kept separate.

Mr. Rangaswami Iyengar opposed the amendment.

Mr. A. Rangaswami Iyengar said it was not right to disqualify legislators. This qualification may be intelligible, if legislators were themselves given the right to elect the directors. But that, the Finance Member did not propose to do. In the circumstances, what justification could there be to deny the electorates which could be independent of the legislators the freedom to choose legislators. If they chose fit?

Mr. Vidyasagar Pandya pointed out that the members of the Parliament were on the Board of the Bank of England.

Mr. K. C. Roy supported the amendment of the Finance Member. He said it was desirable that the shoe maker should stick to his trade.

Voice: What about the newspaperman? Why does he come to the Legislature?

Mr. Roy: Journalist is a politician first and journalist next.

Continuing, Mr. Roy said when politicians are offered directorship of the Reserve Bank, he should make his choice between being a good banker and politician.

Mr. Cocks also supported the amendment.

GIVE LEGISLATORS A CHANCE.

Sir Victor Sassoon opposed the amendment. He said the suggestion was that the legislators would not be able to do justice to their duties to the Legislatures as well as to the Bank. One might as well disqualify all persons engaged in any other business. Directorship of the Reserve Bank was not a full time job. He suggested as a compromise that this qualification may be imposed after experience had been obtained in the first

years as to show how the legislators acquitted themselves on the Directorate.

Sir Abdul Quayum supported the amendment.

Mr. V. K. A. Iyengar, Financial Under-Secretary, supported the amendment.

Mr. Jayakar cited proceedings to show that the legislators were not disqualified from directorships in countries like Belgium, Australia etc.

AN ANOMALOUS POSITION.

Mr. C. Duraiswami Iyengar opposed the amendment. He said the amendment which disqualified politicians, who were legislators, did disqualify politicians.

The Congress President, as such would not be disqualified, but he would be disqualified, because of his membership of the Assembly. He suggested to Sir Basil Blackett, amidst laughter of the House, that it would be better to let politicians named in the Legislature to go into the Directorate than to let untainted politicians outside the Legislature to go into the Directorate.

Mr. Yamin Khan supported the amendment.

Mr. Miles Irving (Nominated Official) supported the amendment.

PARALLEL OF THE BENCH.

Mr. T. C. Goswami opposed the amendment. He said politicians elevated to the Bench had not allowed political opinions to prevail. Considering that it was not proposed to disqualify members of the European Association or Indian political parties, it was absurd to disqualify legislators only.

Mr. Kelkar opposed the amendment. He said that the duties of the legislators and directors of the Bank were not incompatible. He was confident, that should experience prove that both duties were incompatible, one could rely on men called to a directorate to choose between the Legislature and the Bank.

RESIGN AFTER ELECTION.

Sir B. N. Mitra explained that the Finance Member's amendment did not disqualify legislators from being candidate for the directorship of the Reserve Bank, but only required that after their election, they should resign their seats in the Legislatures. The Directors of the Bank, he said, should be like Caesar's wife, above suspicion.

Pandit Malaviya: Suspicion of what?

Sir Bhupendranath: Suspicion of all sorts. The Government attached great importance to this amendment and were not in a position to yield on this point.

Mr. Fazal Ibrahim Rahimtoola opposed the amendment. He urged that it should be left to individual members to choose between the Bank and the Legislature. He pointed out that the Imperial Bank which was doing Government business, had on its directorate legislators like Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas, Sir Dinshaw Waacha and Sir Manekji Dadabhai. If the Government considered that business and politics were so unconnected, why did they give representation to business communities on the Legislatures?

AMENDMENT REJECTED.

At this stage closure was moved and accepted.

The House divided at 1 p.m. on amendment of Sir Basil Blackett to disqualify legislators from being directors of the Reserve Bank and rejected the amendment by 70 to 61. The result was received with cheers and applause.

Mr. Kelkar moved that in clause 7, the sub-clause which provides that none may be director who is not or has not been at some time actively engaged in agriculture, commerce or industry should be deleted.

Explanation to the sub-clause says that one who has been director of any company registered under the Companies Act, shall be deemed to be or have been actively engaged in commerce, finance or industry.

Mr. Kelkar maintained that the clause was superfluous and served no useful purpose excepting as an irritant.

The House adjourned at this stage for lunch.

AFTER-LUNCH PROCEEDINGS.

After lunch, Mr. N. M. Joshi supported Mr. Kelkar's amendment. He did not understand the purpose of the clause which said that men not actively engaged in agriculture be debarred from the directorate of the Bank. It could not have been intended against absentee landlords, as he is to be enfranchised under the Congress President's scheme which Sir Basil Blackett had accepted. Similarly the clause was unacceptable in other respects also. Mr. Joshi said, he did not understand why a Professor of Economics or a man like himself engaged in Trade Unionism be debarred.

OFFICIAL OPPOSITION.

The Finance Member opposed the amendment. He said that Mr. Joshi was wrong in assuming that absentee landlords would not be excluded under the clause of the Bill. Absentee landlordism was a question of fact, and if it could be proved, absentee landlord would be ineligible. A Professor of Economics may be a good adviser, but certainly would not be a good director, without previous experience. The House rejected in the morning the amendment moved by the Government. If the House now accepted the amendment, the Government would not be receiving that consideration which it had a right to expect. The clause in the Bill was only in the nature of indications to the electorate in the minimum qualifications it should in-

ALLEGED FALSE BALANCE SHEET.

MR. SHAMDASANI'S COMPLAINT.

DIRECTORS & AUDITORS OF TATA STEEL CO. CHARGED.

Mr. F. D. Shamdasan has launched a prosecution as threatened by him at the adjourned meeting of the Company held on Monday last against certain Directors and Auditors of the Company charging them with having wilfully made and or caused to be made statements false in material particulars knowing them to be false in the two balance sheets as at 31st March, 1926, and 31st March, 1927. Mr. Shamdasan's principal allegation was that the respondents had concealed the Company's contingent liabilities to the tune of Rs. 1,87,43,317/14/8, and that the profits had not been correctly disclosed.

The complainant appeared before the Chief Presidency Magistrate of Bombay on Thursday and presented his complaint charging Messrs. N. B. Saklatvala, J. D. Gandhi, E. E. Dinshaw and J. Peterson, Directors, and Messrs. H. G. Coles and S. B. Billimoria, Auditors of the Company, charging them with the said offence as they have signed the balance sheet in question with the exception that the second respondent has only signed last year's balance sheet.

Among the items in the balance sheets which are alleged to be false in material particulars are the items of Rs. 38,79,682/5/4 and Rs. 68,00,361/7/2, being the balances brought in the balance sheets in

SERIOUS INJURY TO MR. ANDREWS

DEPARTURE FROM MADRAS DELAYED

MADRAS, Sep. 1.

The injury to Mr. Andrews' hand has proved more serious than was anticipated. He is obliged to keep his arm in a sling and it might be necessary for him to stay in Madras till Saturday evening to get full treatment.

Mr. Andrews, however, hopes to go through his programme in Madras.—Free Press.

question from the relative profits and loss and appropriation accounts, respectively. Several other items are also challenged by the complainant on the grounds, inter alia, (a) the true difference (works profits) between the true figures in respect of the two items in the profit and loss account for the year ending 31st March 1926 and 31st March 1927 was different and not Rs. 1,46,30,277-5-0 and Rs. 1,93,63,166-1-0, respectively, noticeable therein. (b) The true figure in respect of the Agents' commission calculated on the true annual net profits earned by the said Company during the year ending 31st March 1926 and 1927, respectively upon a true construction of the agreement dated 2nd of May 1918 between the said Company of the one part and Tata Sons, Ltd., of the other part was different and not Rs. 2,18,390-1-7 and Rs. 4,82,637-7-3, respectively. (c) In the result the true figures in respect of the said profit and loss accounts and appropriation accounts were different and not as stated therein.

The complainant further alleged that the statement that the contingent liabilities of the Company on 31st March 1927 amounted to Rs. 2,39,158-8-4 and no more was false in material particulars. He further alleged that on the same date "arrears of cumulative preference dividends" in respect of 6,93,173 second preference shares amounted to Rs. 1,87,43,317-14-8 together with interest due thereon on that date for which the Company was contingently liable pursuant to (a) the agreement dated 6-8-1927 (being an arrangement for paying off such arrears in the manner therein provided) between the holders of the said second preference shares in the Company of the one part and the said Company of the other part which is in force having been duly adopted by all the parties concerned and sanctioned by the High Court on the 20-12-1926 as an arrangement under Section 153 of the said Act which is binding on all the members of the said Company and also on the said Company, and (b) Article 133 of the Articles of Association of the said Company as amended as provided in clause 3 thereof of the said amended article continuing in force until the said arrears are paid off as therein provided.

The complainant therefore alleged that the contingent liabilities of the Company on that date amounted to Rs. 1,89,83,476-7-0 and not Rs. 2,39,158-8-4 as is stated in the said balance sheet, the undisclosed amount being Rs. 1,87,43,307/14-8.

His Worship after perusing the complaint ordered notices to be served on the respondents.

G. Haig, and Mr. A. F. L. Brayne
A. P.



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BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

Mr. T. W. Marshall, Superintendent, House of Correction, Bombay, to be also Superintendent, Arthur Road Jail and Civil Jail, Bombay, and Governor, Government Female Workhouse, Bombay.

Mr. H. E. Lucas, on relief, to act as Superintendent of the District Prison, Sukkur, pending further orders.

Mr. Naginlal Venilal Desai, to be Judge and Sessions Judge vice Mr. C. N. Mehta, LL.B., retiring.

The leave on average pay granted to Mr. G. D. Yajnik, Second Class Subordinate Judge, Yawal, by Government Notifications No. S. 31/7/22, dated the 30th May 1927 and 19th July 1927, was extended by eleven days on average pay.

The period for which Mr. M. J. Dikshit was appointed to be on settlement duty in connection with the revision settlements of the Palghar, Vada and Shalpur Talukas and Mokhada Mahal of the Thana District is extended to 29th February 1928.

Mr. R. V. Alexander, Forest Engineer, has been allowed by the High Commissioner for India a further extension of leave on half average pay on medical certificate for two months.

Mr. L. H. Barford, Superintendent of Excise, is permitted to commute the first four months of the leave on half average pay for eight months granted to him in Government Notification No. 20/17/17437, dated 31st October 1925, into leave on average pay.

Mr. N. S. Takakhav, Professor of English, Karnatak College, Dharwar, is granted leave on average pay for four months with effect from 11th November 1927 with permission to affix the summer vacation of 1928 to the leave.

Sahibzada Haroon Qadr Saivud Musa Ali Mirza, Executive Engineer, Satara Division, is granted leave on average pay for one month, with effect from the 1st September 1927 or the subsequent date of relief.

Mr. Hari Gopal Patwardhan, I.C.E., Assistant Engineer, to act as Executive Engineer, Satara Division, vice Sahibzada Mirza proceeding on leave.

On return from leave Sahibzada Mirza to be Executive Engineer, Satara Division. Mr. Patwardhan reverting to the grade of Assistant Engineer.

The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Captain G. A. Falconer to be Assistant Resident, Aden, vice Captain B. P. Ross-Hurst, M.C., proceeded on leave.

Mr. J. H. Garrett, I.C.S., on return from leave, to hold, pending further orders, the temporary appointment of Flood Relief Officer, Gujarat, which has been created for a period of three months.

Mr. E. Gawan Taylor, I.C.S., to continue to act as Collector of Ahmedabad and Telukdari Settlement Officer, pending further orders.

AGRICULTURAL OUTLOOK.

Rain during week in Sind general but more is needed in hilly tracts off Karachi. In the flooded areas of Hyderabad and Thar Parkar the situation is improving and re-sowing is proceeding. In parts of Thar Parkar rain has damaged standing crops and re-sown bajri germinations. Elsewhere kharif crops are generally in good condition.

There was general rain during week in Gujarat. In most areas a prolonged break is necessary to enable the cultivators to clear and resow their fields. More rain is needed in parts of Surat for the rice crop. Sowing, re-sowing and transplantation are in progress.

In the Konkan more rain is needed in parts of Thana where transplantation has been retarded; elsewhere rainfall has been sufficient and well-distributed. In the Deccan and Karnatak, more rain is required in parts of every district particularly in West Khandesh, Ahmednagar, Sholapur, Bijapur and Dharwar. Crops are withering in places suffering from deficiency of rain, and in the Karnatak sowing of cotton has been retarded.

Transplantation was in progress generally. Germinated crops were in good condition except in places visited by excessive rainfall and floods in parts of the Deccan and Karnatak suffering from a deficiency of rain. Supply of water was sufficient except in parts of Surat, Bijapur, Belagana, Dharwar and Southern Maratha Country States. Supply of fodder was generally adequate. Grasshoppers caused damage in parts of Panch Mahals, Nasik, Satara, Dharwar and the Southern Maratha Country States and rats in parts of Karachi. Prices of food-grains were fluctuating with a tendency to rise.

BARSI NOTES.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

BARSI, Aug. 27.
Yesterday was the last day of the month of Shrawana. In Maharashtra it is the day of Pota, or the day of cow and bullock festival. Cattleowners, rich and poor, decorate a cow and a bullock and with other cattle carry them round the town in what appears like marriage procession. There is much enthusiasm for the festival but there is little of aesthetic taste in processions and its decorations. It is a strange sight to see a clarinet, a drum, cymbals and other instruments of what is named an Indian band in a procession of cows and bullocks, when there are some very good Sarani-players in the town. Some merchants spread bags of cotton seeds on the road for the cattle. But they do it in such a way that there is more of waste and less of offering. After the procession the owner's wife worships the cow and the bullock with 'Chandana and Kumkum.' That is how this yearly holiday for cattle passes, and it passed by in the same way this year.

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MISS MAYO'S CHAPERONS IN INDIA.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".
Sir—"Mother India" by Miss Mayo has created much sensation in India. The motives of the writer can very well be understood, if light be thrown on the ways in which she gathered information in this country. Throughout her tour in India, Government officials surrounded her on every side and were always at her beck and call. When she reached Lahore, a special C.I.D. officer was put at her disposal to show her what naturally such an official would like her to see. She put up in the Nadon's Hotel and it was the duty of that official to chaperon her in her investigations. During her stay in Lahore one day I received a message on the phone to give her an interview. The C.I.D. official concerned was an old friend of mine and he asked me that an American lady had come to India to study the problems of this country and she would be glad if I could see her. I told the gentleman that if the lady was his personal friend and if he was personally interested in the interview, I would be only too glad to oblige him, but if he was asking me to see the lady in his official capacity, I had no desire to do so. He told me that he was not personally interested in the investigations of Miss Mayo, and that he was asked by an official to put her in touch with such people whom she liked to see. Under the circumstances, I declined the honour of seeing Miss Mayo, and this ended the matter as far as I was concerned.

After the manner in which Miss Mayo was being patronised and chaperoned in India by the officials, and specially of the C.I.D. Department, it is not surprising to find that Miss Mayo has written so amazingly about Indians. I hope other tourists who visit India will also throw light on the modicum through which she tried to see them.—Yours, etc.

SARDATTI SINGH CAVEESHAP
Lahore, Aug. 29.

DR. ANSARI'S STATEMENT

(Continued from page 6.)
thousand fold more potent factor for achieving inter-communal harmony than even the Conference foreshadowed by the Viceroy to-day in his address to the Central Legislature. Again Dr. Ansari's lead will promote unity among different sections of political thought in the country and help the formation of a large and united

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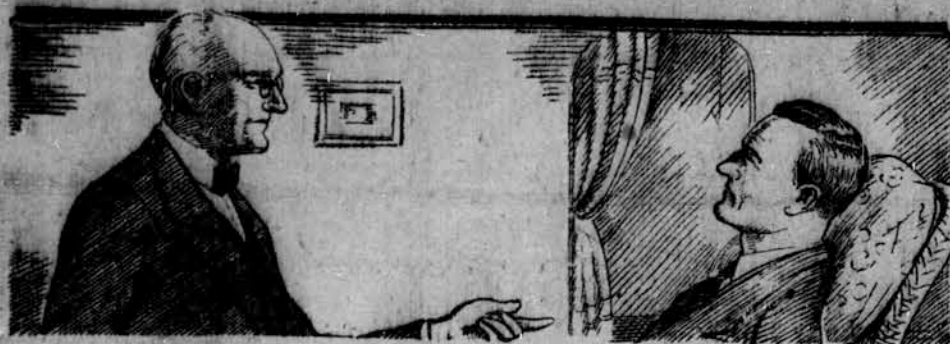
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CONSTIPATION IS THE CAUSE OF MANY AILMENTS

—SAYS THE DOCTOR
A surprisingly large number of the ailments prevalent to-day are directly, due to constipation, yet constipation is easily recognised and just as easily cured. The first essential is a remedy that is free from harmful or habit forming drugs—a remedy that will strengthen the bowels—and it would be impossible to suggest anything more suitable than

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BOMBAY COUNCIL.

AGENDA OF SEPTEMBER SESSION

Among other bills and resolutions, the following Government bills will come up for consideration at the meeting of the Bombay Legislative Council to be held on 29th instant:—

- (1) Bill No. III of 1927 (A Bill to provide for the establishment and better regulation of cotton markets in the Bombay Presidency)—Second Reading.
 - (2) Bill No. XXI of 1927 (A Bill to amend the law relating to the University of Bombay)—Second Reading.
 - (3) Bill No. II of 1927 (A Bill to amend the Bombay Land Revenue Code, 1879)—First Reading.
 - (4) Bill No. XVI of 1927 (A Bill to prevent the excessive subdivision of agricultural land and to promote the consolidation of such land)—First Reading.
- Amongst Private Bills most of them are regarding the Bombay City Municipality Act, Local Boards Act and the Akbari Act. Mr. Chandra Chud will ask for leave to introduce a bill to meet the Bombay Pinders Act.

Mr. R. G. Pradhan wants to present the two following addresses to His Excellency, the Governor.

(1) We, the members of the Bombay Legislative Council, respectfully pray that Your Excellency may be pleased to appoint immediately standing committees of the Legislative Council as recommended by the Joint Parliamentary Committee on the Government of India Bill, 1919, in paragraph 10 of their report on the Bill."

(2) We, the members of the Bombay Legislative Council respectfully pray that Your Excellency may be pleased to appoint immediately Council Secretaries as provided for under section 62 (4) of the Government of India Act."

Mr. K. F. Nariman, will move.
"This Council recommends the Government that a committee be appointed to examine in all its aspects the primary and secondary education now prevailing in the Presidency with a view—

- (a) (i) to co-ordinate and reorganise the same on modern lines;
 - (ii) to reduce the number of years taken up by the courses of primary and secondary education;
 - (iii) to consider these courses with the object of removing the duplication of studies in vernacular and English;
 - (iv) to introduce manual and vocational courses; and
 - (v) to consider the steps for introducing compulsory medical inspection and physical training in primary and secondary schools;
- (b) to consider the question of the cost of the revised scheme with special reference to the funds available at present, and to explore the ways and means to raise further funds;
- (c) to report on such other matters germane to the above questions as may be considered necessary.
- Dr. Ambekar, Mr. Nariman, Mr. G. G. wala, Mr. Bole and others have given notice of resolutions demanding inquiry into educational and economic conditions of the depressed classes.

ST. MARY'S OLD BOYS' ASSOCIATION

The following are extracts from the Honorary Secretary's Report for the year 1926-27:

In order to popularize the Association the annual report was distributed to members, and it was decided to run a Social at St. Xavier's College. The Entertainment Committee were asked to organize the same. The Social was held at St. Xavier's College on the 30th April 1926 and was a huge success. Everybody present voted it a very pleasant function and great appreciation was given to the Band of the "S.S. Rajputana," who rendered the whole musical programme. From a financial standpoint we were down to the tune of Rs. 150. However we have received contributions and promises to make this good. We hope to run more functions like this as they help to bring the Old Boys and their friends together.

The Rector was again "At Home" to the Members of the Committee at St. Mary's Villa, Khandalla on May 18th, 1926. The question for a School in the Hills was held up for want of Staff etc.

ST. GEORGE'S HOSTEL.

The Hostel has been our burthen this year. It has been through various changes of Management. Mr. and Mrs. Cabral the Hony. Superintendents with great regret resigned their posts after having helped us through for over a year. We then tried a paid Superintendent. But our finances could not meet this extra expense, so he was forced to resign. Again the rent was more than we could meet. So it was finally decided that St. George's Hostel should be shifted to a healthier locality on a less rental. The Chairman of the Hostel Committee stating that he could run a Hostel out at Bandra without any burden on the Association; the Hostel was moved to Bandra. Mr. Cahill by doing this has taken off our shoulders a burden of enough

Rs. 1000 per annum which we could devote to Revd. Fr. Shaffer's Fund for the education of poor lads in the School. The Hostel is still known as St. George's Hostel and continues under the management of the Committee of St. Mary's Old Boys' Association, Mr. Cahill being chairman of the Hostel Sub-Committee.

OTHER ACTIVITIES.

Work done by the Old Boys in helping the School directly or indirectly, influenced by the Association is worthy of note. Mr. G. Green at our last yearly meeting presented a challenge cup for the best all round sportsman in the School. This cup was to be known as "Fr. Hennessey's Challenge Cup". It was presented by Mr. L. U. Mongini (our new life member) who presided at the Annual Sports. Mr. Martelli with Old Boys and friends organised a successful concert in aid of St. Mary's School Band. The Old Boys' Committee aided the Fathers in making the Annual Sports a brilliant function by donating funds and prizes and helping to organise the large attendance. Employment has been found for boys from St. Mary's (Christian and non-Christian) by Old Boys through the Committee. During the year assistance which was noted as very exceptional and not to be made the primary object of the Association, was given to two Old Boys. They were down and out. Employment was found for them and financial assistance given. We mention these items to show the extent of our activities.

CONCLUSION.

Before closing we wish to thank Mr. and Mrs. Cabral for all their willing work as Hny. Superintendents of the Hostel. We hold out the hand of fellowship to those Old Boys who have joined up and have helped us; and to those who although not Old Boys have come to us as "friends in need". We especially thank the Fathers for all the moral support and understanding they have given the Old Boy's Association. Last but not least we thank Fr. Shaffer, S. J. our Vice-Patron for obtaining for us special contributions towards St. George's Hostel.

BIHAR AND ORISSA COUNCIL.

RANCHI, Aug. 31.

The Bihar and Orissa Legislative Council met to-day to consider non-official resolutions. Khan Bahadur S. M. Naim moved for the appointment of a Committee to prepare a Bill, for introduction in the next session of the Council, for the better management of Waqf estates.

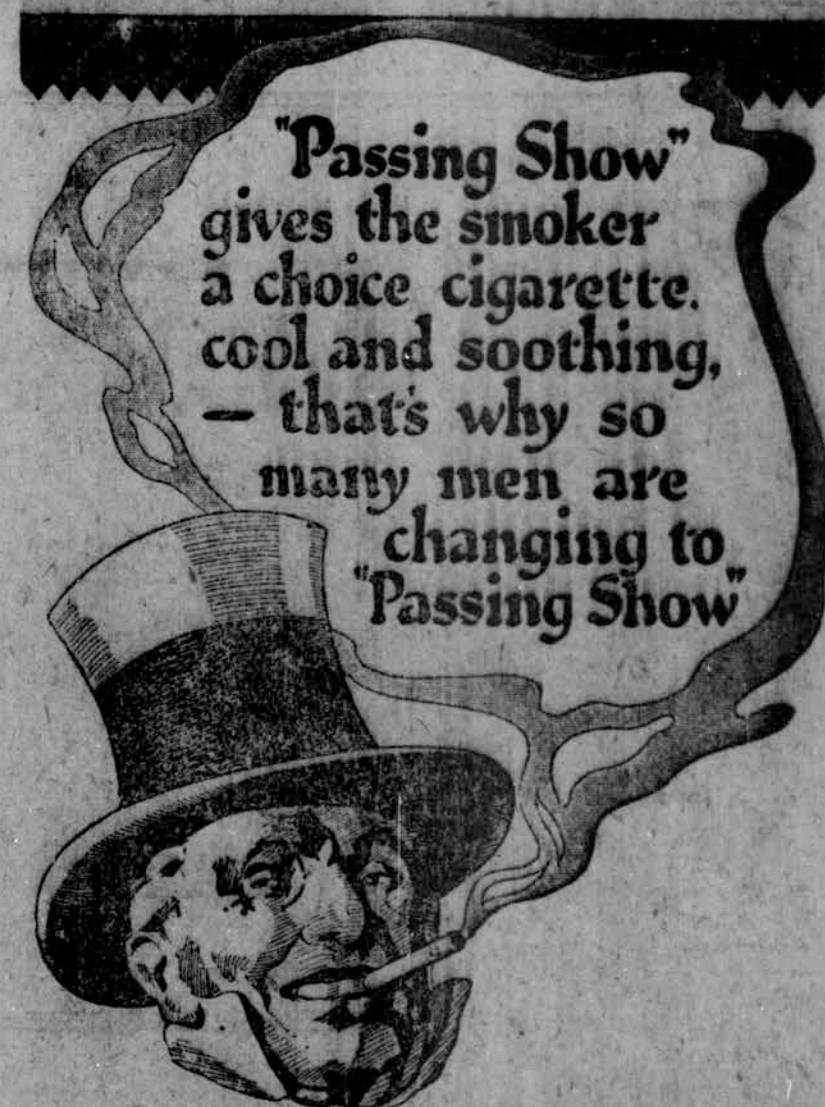
Kazi Ahmed Hussain (Swarajist) led the opposition to the resolution and deprecated the suggestion that they should invoke the assistance of the Government for the administration of their Waqf estates.

Sir Muhammad Fakrudin, Minister for Education stated that he could not accept the resolution as it stood. It was the function of expert lawyers to draft a Bill, and secondly it might not be possible to draft a bill so as to be ready for introduction in the next session of the Council. It was doubtful how far the Government would be justified in undertaking legislation on the subject. He was, however, willing to consider the desirability of appointing a committee just to examine defects in the existing legislation and for suggesting remedies. He also stated that a private Bill might be brought forward at the next session, when a strong select committee could be appointed to go into the question.

Khan Bahadur Naim replying to the debate observed that Government help was essential in framing legislation. If the Minister would give a Committee for the purpose of examining defects in the existing legislation and suggesting remedies, he would not press his motion. The Minister promised to consider the formation of such a Committee.

In view of the Minister's assurance, the resolution was withdrawn.—A.P.

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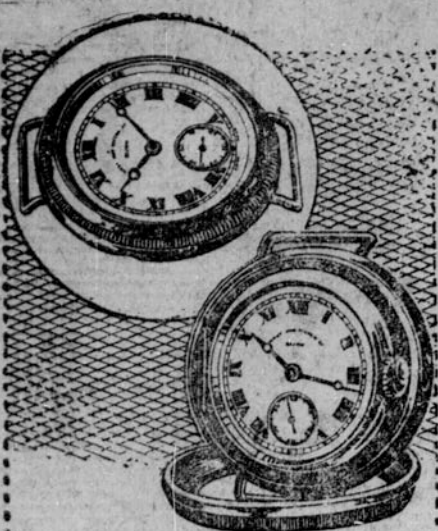
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